### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

### FORM 10-Q

### MARK ONE

☑ Quarterly Report Pursu	ant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Se	ecurities Exchange Act of 1934
for	the Quarterly Period ended June 3	0, 2025;
☐ Transition Report Pursu	uant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the S	ecurities Exchange Act of 1934
for the	transition period fromt	0
(Exac	ZION OIL & GAS, INC. et name of registrant as specified in	its charter)
Texas		20-0065053
(State or other jurisdiction of		(I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization	)	Identification No.)
12655 N Central Expressway, Suite 1000	0, Dallas, TX	75243
(Address of principal executive of	fices)	Zip Code
(Regis Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of	(214) 221-4610 trant's telephone number, including of the Act:	g area code)
Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
N/A	N/A	N/A
Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 and (2) has been subject to such filing requirem  Indicate by check mark whether the registrant had Data File required to be submitted and posted proposed processes to the processes of the processes	months (or for such shorter period tents for the past 90 days. Yes as submitted electronically and post pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation egistrant was required to submit an as a large accelerated filer, an accel see the definitions of "large accel	ted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding
company," and "emerging growth company" in	Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.	
Large accelerated filer □	Acceler	ated filer
Non-accelerated filer □	Smaller	reporting company
	Emergin	ng growth company
If an emerging growth company, indicate by complying with any new or revised financial ac		elected not to use the extended transition period for ant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is	s a shell company (as defined in Ru	ıle 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes □ No 🗵

As of August 5, 2025, Zion Oil & Gas, Inc. had outstanding 1,111,589,197 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share.

## INDEX PAGE

PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION	rage
Item 1 – Financial Statements – Unaudited	
Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets – June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024	<u>1</u>
Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024	<u>2</u>
Consolidated Condensed Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024	<u>3</u>
Consolidated Condensed Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024	<u>5</u>
Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements	<u>7</u>
<u>Item 2 – Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	<u>35</u>
<u>Item 3 – Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk</u>	<u>44</u>
<u>Item 4 – Controls and Procedures</u>	<u>44</u>
PART II — OTHER INFORMATION	
<u>Item 1 – Legal Proceedings</u>	<u>45</u>
Item 1A – Risk Factors	<u>45</u>
<u>Item 2 – Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	<u>45</u>
<u>Item 3 – Defaults upon Senior Securities</u>	<u>45</u>
<u>Item 4 – Mine Safety Disclosures</u>	<u>45</u>
<u>Item 5 – Other Information</u>	<u>45</u>
<u>Item 6 – Exhibits</u>	<u>46</u>
Exhibit Index	<u>46</u>
<u>SIGNATURES</u>	<u>47</u>

### Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets as of

	June 30, 2025 US\$ thousands (unaudited)	December 31, 2024 US\$ thousands
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	8,605	2,272
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted Prepaid expenses and other	1,080 368	1,064 567
Governmental receivables	175	19
Loan due from related party (see note 2G)	23	-
Other receivables	16	8
Total current assets	10,267	3,930
Unproved oil and gas properties, full cost method (see Note 4)	26,585	21,682
Property and equipment at cost		
Drilling rig and related equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$3,167 and \$2,807 (see	4 472	4 770
note 2I) Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$729 and \$714	4,473 98	4,778 104
1. op 4. op	4,571	4,882
Right of Use Lease Assets (see Note 5)	708	759
Other assets	600	~ 4.1
Assets held for severance benefits  Total other assets	600	541
1 otal other assets	000	341
Total assets	42,731	31,794
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	1,273	604
Insurance financing (see note 6D)	176	490
Lease obligation – current (see Note 5) Asset retirement obligation	109 571	107 571
Accrued liabilities	828	456
Total current liabilities	2,957	2,228
Torre Assess Balables		
Long-term liabilities Lease obligation – non-current (see Note 5)	572	637
Provision for severance pay	608	548
Total long-term liabilities	1,180	1,185
Total liabilities	4,137	3,413
Commitments and contingencies (see Note 6)		
Stockholders' equity		
Common stock, par value \$.01; Authorized: 1,600,000,000 shares at June 30, 2025: Issued and outstanding: 1,109,567,465 and 965,362,131 shares at June 30, 2025 and		
December 31, 2024, respectively	11,096	9,654
Additional paid-in capital	325,165	312,629
Stock subscription receivable	(179)	(202.002)
Accumulated deficit  Total stockholders' equity	(297,488) 38,594	(293,902) 28,381
Total Stockholders equity	30,374	20,301
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	42,731	31,794

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited interim consolidated condensed financial statements.

## **Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations (Unaudited)**

	For the thr			
		ended June 30,		onths ended e 30,
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
	thousands	thousands	thousands	thousands
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
General and administrative	1,101	1,201	2,202	2,376
Other	895	882	1,494	1,481
Loss from operations	(1,996)	(2,083)	(3,696)	(3,857)
Other income (expense), net				
Foreign exchange income	31	10	41	31
Financial income (expenses), net	54	9	69	
Loss, before income taxes	(1,911)	(2,064)	(3,586)	(3,826)
Income taxes				
Net loss	(1,911)	(2,064)	(3,586)	(3,826)
Net loss per share of common stock	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.04)
Basic and diluted (in US\$)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.01)
Weighted-average shares outstanding	1 002 402	715 575	1 022 121	706 204
Basic and diluted (in thousands)	1,082,402	745,565	1,033,131	706,294

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited interim consolidated condensed financial statements.

## Consolidated Condensed Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Unaudited)

## For the three and six months ended June $30,\,2025$

			Additional			
	Commo	n Stock	paid-in	Subscription	Accumulated	
	Shares	Amounts	Capital	Receivable	deficit	Total
		US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
	thousands	thousands	thousands	thousands	thousands	thousands
Balances as of March 31, 2025	1,027,405	10,274	318,280	(212)	(295,577)	32,765
Funds received from sale of DSPP units and						
shares and exercise of warrants	82,162	822	6,885	33	_	7,740
Funds received from option exercises	_	_	_	_		_
Value of options granted to employees,						
directors and others as non-cash						
compensation		_	_	_	_	_
Net loss					(1,911)	(1,911)
Balances as of June 30, 2025	1,109,567	11,096	325,165	(179)	(297,488)	38,594
			Additional			
	Commo	n Stools		Cl		
	Commo	II Stock	paid-in	Subscription	Accumulated	
	Shares	Amounts	paid-in Capital	Receivables	Accumulated deficit	Total
		-	-	-		Total US\$
		Amounts	Capital	Receivables	deficit	
Balance at December 31, 2024	Shares	Amounts US\$	Capital US\$	Receivables US\$	deficit US\$	US\$
Balance at December 31, 2024 Funds received from sale of DSPP units and	<b>Shares</b> thousands	Amounts US\$ thousands	Capital US\$ thousands	Receivables US\$	deficit US\$ thousands	US\$ thousands
	<b>Shares</b> thousands	Amounts US\$ thousands	Capital US\$ thousands	Receivables US\$	deficit US\$ thousands	US\$ thousands
Funds received from sale of DSPP units and shares and exercise of warrants Funds received from option exercises	Shares thousands 965,362	Amounts US\$ thousands 9,654	Capital US\$ thousands 312,629	Receivables US\$ thousands	deficit US\$ thousands	US\$ thousands 28,381
Funds received from sale of DSPP units and shares and exercise of warrants Funds received from option exercises Value of options granted to employees,	Shares thousands 965,362 144,187	Amounts US\$ thousands 9,654	Capital US\$ thousands 312,629	Receivables US\$ thousands	deficit US\$ thousands	US\$ thousands 28,381 13,780
Funds received from sale of DSPP units and shares and exercise of warrants Funds received from option exercises Value of options granted to employees, directors and others as non-cash	Shares thousands 965,362 144,187	Amounts US\$ thousands 9,654	Capital US\$ thousands 312,629 12,517	Receivables US\$ thousands	deficit US\$ thousands	US\$ thousands 28,381 13,780
Funds received from sale of DSPP units and shares and exercise of warrants Funds received from option exercises Value of options granted to employees, directors and others as non-cash compensation	Shares thousands 965,362 144,187	Amounts US\$ thousands 9,654	Capital US\$ thousands 312,629	Receivables US\$ thousands	deficit US\$ thousands (293,902)	US\$ thousands 28,381 13,780 1
Funds received from sale of DSPP units and shares and exercise of warrants Funds received from option exercises Value of options granted to employees, directors and others as non-cash	Shares thousands 965,362 144,187	Amounts US\$ thousands 9,654	Capital US\$ thousands 312,629 12,517	Receivables US\$ thousands	deficit US\$ thousands	US\$ thousands 28,381 13,780

<sup>\*</sup> Less than one thousand.

## Consolidated Condensed Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Unaudited)

### For the three and six months ended June 30, 2024

Balances as of March 31, 2024 Funds received from sale of DSPP units and shares and exercise of warrants Funds received from option exercises Costs associated with the issuance of shares Value of options granted to employees, directors and others as non-cash compensation Net loss Balances as of June 30, 2024	Commo Shares thousands 709,445 109,404 25 — — — 818,874	n Stock  Amounts US\$ thousands 7,094  1,095 — — — — 8,189	Additional paid-in Capital US\$ thousands 304,354 4,801 2 (947) 109	Subscription Receivable US\$ thousands  (985)  (985)	Accumulated deficit US\$ thousands (288,321)	Total US\$ thousands 23,127  4,911 2 (947)  109 (2,064) 25,138
	Commo Shares	Amounts US\$	Additional paid-in Capital US\$	Subscription Receivable US\$	Accumulated deficit US\$	Total US\$
Ralance at December 31, 2023	<b>Shares thousands</b>	Amounts US\$ thousands	paid-in Capital US\$ thousands	Receivable	deficit US\$ thousands	US\$ thousands
Balance at December 31, 2023 Funds received from sale of DSPP units and shares and exercise of warrants Funds received from option exercises Costs associated with the issuance of shares Value of options granted to employees, directors and others as non-cash	Shares	Amounts US\$	paid-in Capital US\$	Receivable US\$	deficit US\$	US\$
Funds received from sale of DSPP units and shares and exercise of warrants Funds received from option exercises Costs associated with the issuance of shares	<b>Shares thousands</b> 640,002 178,776	Amounts US\$ thousands 6,400	paid-in Capital US\$ thousands 302,177 7,665 8	Receivable US\$ thousands	deficit US\$ thousands	US\$ thousands 22,018 8,468 9

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited interim consolidated condensed financial statements.

## Consolidated Condensed Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

	For the Six Mo June	
	2025	2024
	US\$	US\$
	thousands	thousands
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Cash flaws from anaroting activities	(Chauditeu)	(Unaudited)
Cash flows from operating activities Net loss	(2.596)	(2 926)
	(3,586)	(3,826)
Adjustments required to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:	264	417
Depreciation	364	417
Amortization of right of use lease assets	51	132
Cost of options issued to employees, directors and others as non-cash compensation	18	232
Capital loss on sale of property and equipment	-	62
Change in assets and liabilities, net:	100	(105)
Prepaid expenses and other	199	(195)
Governmental receivables	(156)	(99)
Other receivables	(31)	(20)
Lease obligation – current and non-current	(63)	(168)
Provision for severance pay, net	1	(4)
Accounts payable	30	(38)
Accrued liabilities	32	(68)
Net cash used in operating activities	(3,141)	(3,575)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Acquisition of property and equipment	(9)	(43)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	-	31
Acquisition of drilling rig and related equipment	(108)	(22)
Investment in unproved oil and gas properties	(3,860)	(848)
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,977)	(882)
The cash asea in investing activities	(6,577)	(002)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	1	9
Changes in insurance premium financing	(314)	(200)
Costs paid related to the issuance of new shares	-	(1,930)
Proceeds from issuance of stock and exercise of warrants	13,780	8,468
Net cash provided by financing activities	13,467	6,347
Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	6,349	1,890
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash – beginning of period	3,336	1,635
	9,685	3,525
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash – end of period	9,005	3,323
Supplemental schedule of cash flow information		
Non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Unpaid investments in oil & gas properties	1,594	992
Unpaid Costs associated with the issuance of shares	-	167
Depreciation of oil and gas equipment	64	10
Stock subscription receivable	179	985
Addition of right of use lease assets and lease obligations	-	829

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited interim consolidated condensed financial statements.

Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, are comprised as follows:

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
	US\$	US\$
	<b>thousands</b>	thousands
Cash and cash equivalents	8,605	2,272
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	1,080	1,064
	9,685	3,336

Zion Oil & Gas, Inc.

#### **Consolidated Condensed Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

### Note 1 - Nature of Operations, Basis of Presentation and Going Concern

#### A. Nature of Operations

Zion Oil & Gas, Inc., a Texas corporation ("we," "Our," "Zion" or the "Company") is an oil and gas exploration company with a history of 25 years of oil & gas exploration in Israel. As of June 30, 2025, the Company has no revenues from its oil and gas operations.

Zion maintains its corporate headquarters in Dallas, Texas. The Company also has branch offices in Caesarea, Israel and Geneva, Switzerland. The purpose of the Israel branch is to support the Company's operations in Israel, and the purpose of the Switzerland branch is to operate a foreign treasury center for the Company.

On January 24, 2020, Zion incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary, Zion Drilling, Inc., originally a Delaware corporation but now a Texas corporation, for the purpose of owning a drilling rig, related equipment and spare parts, and on January 31, 2020, Zion incorporated another wholly owned subsidiary, Zion Drilling Services, Inc., originally a Delaware corporation but now a Texas corporation, to act as the contractor providing such drilling services. When Zion is not using the rig for its own exploration activities, Zion Drilling Services may contract with other operators in Israel to provide drilling services at market rates then in effect.

On October 19, 2022, Zion incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary in Israel, Zion Drilling Israel Ltd, for the purpose of owning a drilling rig and related equipment and spare parts. On this date, the entity was created as a placeholder only. A bank account was created in November 2024 and a tax file was created in January 2025. The bank account is denominated in Israeli Shekels. When there are bank transactions in the future, there will be a translation adjustment to United States Dollars. Zion Drilling Israel LTD did not have any activities during the six months ended June 30, 2025.

Zion has the trademark "ZION DRILLING" filed with the United States Patent and Trademark Office. Zion has the trademark filed with the World Intellectual Property Organization in Geneva, Switzerland, pursuant to the Madrid Agreement and Protocol. In addition, Zion has the trademark filed with the Israeli Trademark Office in Israel.

#### **Exploration Rights/Exploration Activities**

### New Megiddo Valleys License 434 ("NMVL 434") – Megiddo-Jezreel #1 Re-Entry ("MJ-01")

On September 14, 2023, the Israel Ministry of Energy approved a new Megiddo Valleys License 434 ("NMVL 434"), allowing for oil and gas exploration on approximately 75,000 acres or 302 square kilometers. This Exploration License 434 is valid for three years until September 13, 2026 with four potential 1-year extensions for a total of seven years until September 13, 2030. This NMVL 434 effectively supersedes our previous NML 428.

On February 21, 2024, members of the Supervisory Committee visited our rig site. During this visit, they interacted with staff from Zion Oil & Gas, our consultants and potential service providers. Some of these interactions occurred at Kibbutz Sde Eliyahu, while others were conducted through video conferencing with participants from the United States, Europe and the Middle East. Following these discussions, the Committee officially accepted our work plan for the MJ-01 re-completion project. This acceptance allowed us to sign agreements and secure mobilization dates with our service providers to commence and complete the project.

Zion Oil & Gas, Inc.

### **Consolidated Condensed Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

### Note 1 - Nature of Operations, Basis of Presentation and Going Concern (cont'd)

The initial phase of our recompletion project consisted of a category three inspection of the drilling rig, rigging down from MJ-02 and moving and rigging up over the MJ-01 well.

Stage two of the operation involved drilling out both the steel plugs along with 625 meters (about 2,050 feet) of cement plugs and reconditioning the wellbore to allow unhindered access to the selected zones for testing.

After six years of inactivity in a well over three miles deep, the MJ-01 wellbore presents a challenging environment. The wellbore appears to have experienced elastic and partial collapse of the casing in some areas. This led to the bottom hole assembly ("BHA") becoming stuck over 4,000 meters from surface. Attempts to overpull the BHA were unsuccessful, and the crew completed a backoff operation which left over 500 meters of the BHA remaining downhole. This is not an uncommon occurrence with oil and gas drilling operations and the crew was unsuccessful in retrieving the remaining BHA with the tools that were on location.

Another delay arose out of the logistical challenges we face. The ongoing conflict in the region has impacted shipping routes, the timely arrival of necessary equipment, and created travel difficulties for our rig crews. Our operations require specialized rig crews who are not available in Israel.

An even further delay was created by many of our rig crew members reaching the limit of their work visas. This requires us to reset visas, which is not a simple process, and it adds another layer of delay and complexity. Moreover, the recent changes to visa eligibility have further complicated the process, as Israel has changed their 90-day visa renewals from resetting at the end of the year to resetting after six months after expiration. We are working with the Ministry of Interior on this issue. As a side note, the crew had to enter Israel under 90-day visas and not six month visas in order to comply with the labor law requirements in place at the time the operation commenced.

In light of the combination of downhole, logistical, and crew challenges, as well as holidays, and the one-year remembrance of October 7, we temporarily paused active operations during Q4 2024. This was a necessary step to ensure the safety of our personnel and to ensure proper engineering and tools are brought to location to avoid lengthy delays waiting for additional tools should any be required once the job resumes. With the necessary tools and renewed visas for our crews, we resumed operations in Q1 2025. This is, of course, subject to the realities of the present geopolitical environment. The conflict in Israel, while not directly impacting our operations on a daily basis, creates uncertainties that could affect our schedule at any time.

Zion's rig crew arrived in Israel in February 2025 and completed critical maintenance and preparatory work. The rig, which was safely "warm stacked" in September 2024, underwent necessary checks for maintenance, including fluid changes, lubrication and greasing, and mechanical, electrical, and safety audits to ensure peak functionality. The rig crew drilled out the temporary plug at approximately 1,100 meters and set a permanent plug at the deeper part of the well, allowing for isolation of targeted zones for testing. Perforation and stimulation operations were successfully completed, with gas observed at surface during early flowback.

On June 10, 2025, we completed flowback operations at our Megiddo-Jezreel #1 well and have since temporarily shut it in and demobilized our crew. The last of our crew left the country just hours before the 12-day war with Iran. We analyzed the initial gas composition data which confirmed that our targeted perforation and stimulation procedures were successful. Gas reached the surface and shows characteristics consistent with a productive reservoir.

At this point, we are considering potential programs to move forward. The first is to sidetrack the well using our rig. The second is to deploy coil tubing. Both approaches are being evaluated in terms of technical feasibility and overall cost. All equipment, material, and personnel for the sidetrack operation will be contracted by the end of Q4 2025 with operations beginning in Q1 of 2026.

Zion Oil & Gas, Inc.

#### **Consolidated Condensed Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

### Note 1 - Nature of Operations, Basis of Presentation and Going Concern (cont'd)

#### **B.** Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated condensed financial statements of Zion Oil & Gas, Inc. have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for interim financial information and with Article 8-03 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring accruals necessary for a fair statement of financial position, results of operations and cash flows, have been included. The information included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the accompanying notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024. The year-end balance sheet data presented for comparative purposes was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by GAAP. The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the year ending December 31, 2025 or for any other subsequent interim period.

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified for consistency with the current year presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on the reported results of operations.

#### C. Going Concern

The Company incurs cash outflows from operations, and all exploration activities and overhead expenses to date have been financed by way of equity or debt financing. The recoverability of the costs incurred to date is uncertain and dependent upon achieving significant commercial production of hydrocarbons.

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon obtaining the necessary financing to undertake further exploration and development activities and ultimately generating profitable operations from its oil and natural gas interests in the future. The Company's current operations are dependent upon the adequacy of its current assets to meet its current expenditure requirements and the accuracy of management's estimates of those requirements. Should those estimates be materially incorrect, the Company's ability to continue as a going concern may be in doubt. The consolidated condensed financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates realization of assets and liquidation of liabilities in the ordinary course of business. During the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company incurred a net loss of approximately \$3.6 million and had an accumulated deficit of approximately \$297 million. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for one year from the date the financials were issued.

To carry out planned operations, the Company must raise additional funds through additional equity and/or debt issuances or through profitable operations. There can be no assurance that this capital or positive operational income will be available to the Company, and if it is not, the Company may be forced to curtail or cease exploration and development activities. The consolidated condensed financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Zion Oil & Gas, Inc.

#### **Consolidated Condensed Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### A. Net Loss per Share Data

Basic and diluted net loss per share of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share ("Common Stock") is presented in conformity with ASC 260-10 "Earnings Per Share." Diluted net loss per share is the same as basic net loss per share for 2025 as the inclusion of 31,711,325 in stock options and 17,676,754 in warrants would be anti-dilutive.

Diluted net loss per share is the same as basic net loss per share for 2024 as the inclusion of 26,965,575 in stock options and 29,456,952 in warrants would be anti-dilutive.

#### **B.** Use of Estimates

The preparation of the accompanying unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions about future events. These estimates and the underlying assumptions affect the amounts of assets and liabilities reported, disclosures about contingent assets and liabilities, and reported amounts of expenses. Such estimates include the valuation of unproved oil and gas properties, deferred tax assets, asset retirement obligations, borrowing rate of interest consideration for leases, accounting and legal contingencies. These estimates and assumptions are based on management's best estimates and judgment. Management evaluates its estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis using historical experience and other factors, including the current economic environment, which management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Company adjusts such estimates and assumptions when facts and circumstances dictate. Illiquid credit markets, volatile equity, foreign currency, political instability and energy markets have combined to increase the uncertainty inherent in such estimates and assumptions. As future events and their effects cannot be determined with precision, actual results could differ significantly from these estimates. Changes in those estimates resulting from continuing changes in the economic environment will be reflected in the consolidated condensed financial statements in future periods.

The full extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic may directly or indirectly impact our business, results of operations and financial condition, will depend on future developments that are uncertain, including as a result of new information that may emerge concerning COVID-19 and the actions taken to contain it or treat COVID-19, as well as the economic impact on local, regional, national and international markets. We have made estimates of the impact of COVID-19 within our consolidated financial statements, and although there is currently no major impact, there may be changes to those estimates in future periods. We have made the same estimates as to the potential impact the Israel-Hamas war, the Israel-Hezbollah war and the Israel-Iran war may have on our operations. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

### C. Oil and Gas Properties and Impairment

The Company follows the full-cost method of accounting for oil and gas properties. Accordingly, all costs associated with acquisition, exploration and development of oil and gas reserves, including directly related overhead costs, are capitalized.

All capitalized costs of oil and gas properties, including the estimated future costs to develop proved reserves, are amortized on the unit-of-production method using estimates of proved reserves. Investments in unproved properties and major development projects are not amortized until proved reserves associated with the projects can be determined or until impairment occurs. If the results of an assessment indicate that the properties are impaired, the amount of the impairment is included in loss from continuing operations before income taxes, and the adjusted carrying amount of the proved properties is amortized on the unit-of-production method.

Zion Oil & Gas, Inc.

### **Consolidated Condensed Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

The Company's oil and gas property represents an investment in unproved properties. These costs are excluded from the amortized cost pool until proved reserves are found or until it is determined that the costs are impaired. All costs excluded are reviewed at least quarterly to determine if impairment has occurred. The amount of any impairment is charged to expense since a reserve base has not yet been established. Impairment requiring a charge to expense may be indicated through evaluation of drilling results, relinquishing drilling rights or other information.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, the Company did not record any post-impairment charges.

Currently, the Company has no economically recoverable reserves and no amortization base. The Company's unproved oil and gas properties consist of capitalized exploration costs of \$26,585,000 and \$21,682,000 as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

#### D. Fair Value Measurements

The Company follows Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures," as amended by Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Financial Staff Position (FSP) No. 157 and related guidance. Those provisions relate to the Company's financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value and the fair value disclosures related to financial assets and liabilities. ASC 820 defines fair value, expands related disclosure requirements, and specifies a hierarchy of valuation techniques based on the nature of the inputs used to develop the fair value measures. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, assuming the transaction occurs in the principal or most advantageous market for that asset or liability.

The Company uses a three-tier fair value hierarchy to classify and disclose all assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis, as well as assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis, in periods subsequent to their initial measurement. The hierarchy requires the Company to use observable inputs when available, and to minimize the use of unobservable inputs, when determining fair value. The three tiers are defined as follows:

- Level 1—Observable inputs that reflect quoted market prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Level 2—Observable inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are observable either directly or indirectly in the marketplace for identical or similar assets and liabilities; and
- Level 3—Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market data, which require the Company to develop its
  own assumptions.

The Company's financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, other receivables, prepaid expenses and other, Government receivables, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, are carried at historical cost. At June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, the carrying amounts of these instruments approximated their fair values because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

Zion Oil & Gas, Inc.

#### **Consolidated Condensed Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

#### E. Stock-Based Compensation

ASC 718, "Compensation – Stock Compensation," prescribes accounting and reporting standards for all share-based payment transactions in which employee services are acquired. Transactions include incurring liabilities, or issuing or offering to issue shares, options, and other equity instruments such as employee stock ownership plans and stock appreciation rights. Share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, are recognized as compensation expense in the consolidated condensed financial statements based on their fair values. That expense is recognized over the period during which an employee is required to provide services in exchange for the award, known as the requisite service period (usually the vesting period).

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation issued to non-employees and consultants in accordance with the provisions of ASC 718. Measurement of share-based payment transactions with non-employees is based on the fair value of whichever is more reliably measurable: (a) the goods or services received; or (b) the equity instruments issued. The fair value of the share-based payment transaction is determined at the earlier of performance commitment date or performance completion date.

#### F. Warrants

In connection with the Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan ("DSPP") financing arrangements, the Company has issued warrants to purchase shares of its common stock. The outstanding warrants are stand-alone instruments that are not puttable or mandatorily redeemable by the holder and are classified as equity awards. The Company measures the fair value of the awards using the Black-Scholes option pricing model as of the measurement date. Warrants issued in conjunction with the issuance of common stock are initially recorded and accounted as a part of the DSPP investment as additional paid-in capital of the common stock issued. All other warrants are recorded at fair value and expensed over the requisite service period or at the date of issuance, if there is not a service period. Warrants granted in connection with ongoing arrangements are more fully described in Note 3, *Stockholders' Equity*.

### G. Related parties

Parties are considered to be related to the Company if the parties, directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, control, are controlled by, or are under common control with the Company. Related parties also include principal owners of the Company, its management, members of the immediate families of principal owners of the Company and its management and other parties with which the Company may deal if one party controls or can significantly influence the management or operating policies of the other to an extent that one of the transacting parties might be prevented from fully pursuing its own separate interests. All transactions with related parties are recorded at fair value of the goods or services exchanged.

A hardship loan of \$30,000 was given to an officer in March 2025 with the stipulation of monthly repayments of \$2,500 beginning in April 2025. The balance owed Zion was \$22,500 as of June 30, 2025 and the monthly repayments are continuing as of the date of this report. Zion did not have any other related party transactions besides the one just mentioned

### **Consolidated Condensed Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

### H. Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU No. 2023-07, "Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures". The ASU improves reportable segment disclosure requirements, primarily through enhanced disclosures about significant segment expenses among other disclosure requirements. ASU 2023-07 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. Early adoption is permitted. The amendments will be applied retrospectively to all prior periods presented in the financial statements. Zion adopted this ASU effective January 1, 2023. The adoption of this ASU did not have any impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Other Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Company does not believe that the adoption of any recently issued accounting pronouncements in 2025 had a significant impact on our consolidated condensed financial position, results of operations, or cash flow.

### I. Depreciation and Accounting for Drilling Rig and Related Equipment

Zion purchased an onshore oil and gas drilling rig, drilling pipe, related equipment and spare parts for a purchase price of \$5.6 million in cash, inclusive of approximately \$540,000 allocated to spare parts and \$48,000 allocated to additional separate assets. The value of the spare parts and separate assets are captured in separate ledger accounts, but reported as one line item with the drilling rig on the balance sheet. Zion determined that the life of the I-35 drilling rig (the rig Zion purchased), is 10 years. Zion is depreciating the rig on a straight-line basis.

Zion uses the First In First Out ("FIFO") method of accounting for the spare parts, meaning that the earliest items purchased will be the first item charged to the well in which the spare parts gets consumed.

It is also noteworthy that various components and systems on the rig will be subject to certifications by the manufacturer to ensure that the rig is maintained at optimal levels. Per standard practice in upstream oil and gas, each certification performed on our drilling rig increases the useful life of the rig by five years. The costs of each certification will be added to the drilling rig account, and our straight-line amortization will be adjusted accordingly.

Zion purchased rig spare parts and other drilling equipment totaling approximately \$108,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2025 in preparation for its MJ-01 re-entry project.

See the table below for a reconciliation of the rig-related activity during the period ended June 30, 2025:

### I-35 Drilling Rig & Associated Equipment:

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2025			
	I-35 Drilling Rig	Rig Spare Parts	Other Drilling Assets	Total
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
Gross Assets:	thousands	thousands	thousands	thousands
December 31, 2024	6,494	747	344	7,585
Asset Additions	-	24	84	108
Asset Disposals for Self-Consumption	<u>-</u>	(53)	<u> </u>	(53)
June 30, 2025	6,494	718	428	7,640
Accumulated Depreciation:				
December 31, 2024	2,538	-	269	2,807
Asset Depreciation	317	-	43	360
June 30, 2025	2,855		312	3,167
Net Assets	3,639	718	116	4,473

### **Consolidated Condensed Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

	As of December 31, 2024			
	I-35 Drilling	Rig Spare	Other Drilling	
	Rig	Parts	Assets	Total
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
Gross Assets:	thousands	thousands	thousands	thousands
December 31, 2023	6,494	608	442	7,544
Asset Additions	-	178	-	178
Asset Disposals	=	-	(98)	(98)
Asset Disposals for Self-Consumption		(39)	<u> </u>	(39)
<b>December 31, 2024</b>	6,494	747	344	7,585
Accumulated Depreciation:				
December 31, 2023	1,904	-	130	2,034
Asset Depreciation	634	-	139	773
<b>December 31, 2024</b>	2,538		269	2,807
Net Assets	3,956	747	75	4,778

#### Note 3 - Stockholders' Equity

The Company's shareholders approved the amendment of the Company's Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation to increase the number of shares of common stock, par value \$0.01, that the Company is authorized to issue from 1,200,000,000 shares to 1,600,000,000 shares, effective June 4, 2025.

### A. 2021 Omnibus Incentive Stock Option Plan

Effective June 9, 2021, the Company's shareholders authorized the adoption of the Zion Oil & Gas, Inc. 2021 Omnibus Incentive Stock Option Plan ("Omnibus Plan") for employees, directors and consultants, initially reserving for issuance thereunder 38,000,000 shares of common stock.

The Omnibus Plan provides for the grant of incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, bonus stock, awards in lieu of cash obligations, other stock-based awards and performance units. The plan also permits cash payments under certain conditions.

The compensation committee of the Board of Directors (comprised of independent directors) is responsible for determining the type of award, when and to whom awards are granted, the number of shares and the terms of the awards and exercise prices. The options are exercisable for a period not to exceed ten years from the date of grant.

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company granted the following options from the Omnibus Plan for employees, directors and consultants, to purchase shares of common stock as non-cash compensation:

- i. Options to purchase 175,000 shares of Common Stock to five senior officers and two staff members at an exercise price of \$0.10 per share. The options vested upon grant and are exercisable through January 4, 2035. The fair value of the options at the date of grant amounted to approximately \$15,000.
- ii. Options to purchase 25,000 shares of Common Stock to one senior officer at an exercise price of \$0.01 per share. The options vested upon grant and are exercisable through January 4, 2035. These options were granted per the provisions of the Israeli Appendix to the Plan. The fair value of the options at the date of grant amounted to approximately \$3,000.

During the six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company granted the following options from the Omnibus Plan for employees, directors and consultants, to purchase shares of common stock as non-cash compensation:

- i. Options to purchase 175,000 shares of Common Stock to five senior officers and one staff member at an exercise price of \$0.07 per share. The options vested upon grant and are exercisable through January 4, 2034. The fair value of the options at the date of grant amounted to approximately \$11,000.
- ii. Options to purchase 25,000 shares of Common Stock to one senior officer at an exercise price of \$0.01 per share. The options vested upon grant and are exercisable through January 4, 2034. These options were granted per the provisions of the Israeli Appendix to the Plan. The fair value of the options at the date of grant amounted to approximately \$2,000.

Table of Contents
Zion Oil & Gas, Inc.

## Consolidated Condensed Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)

## Note 3 - Stockholders' Equity (cont'd)

## **B. Stock Options**

The stock option transactions since January 1, 2025 are shown in the table below:

	Number of shares	Weighted Average exercise price
Outstanding, December 31, 2024	32,900,882	US\$ 0.20
Changes during 2025 to:		
Granted to employees, officers, directors and others	200,000	0.09
Expired/Cancelled/Forfeited	(1,371,557)	0.11
Exercised	(18,000)	0.07
Outstanding, June 30, 2025	31,711,325	0.20
Exercisable, June 30, 2025	31,711,325	0.20

## Consolidated Condensed Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)

## Note 3 - Stockholders' Equity (cont'd)

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding as of June 30, 2025:

Shares u	ınderlying outsta	nding options (ne	on-vested)	Shares u	nderlying outstan	ding options (fu	lly vested)
	• 0	Weighted	<u> </u>		• 0	Weighted	
		average	Weighted			average	Weighted
Range of		remaining	Average	Range of		remaining	Average
exercise	Number	contractual	Exercise	exercise	Number	contractual	Exercise
price	outstanding	life (years)	price	price	Outstanding	life (years)	price
US\$	outstanding	me (years)	US\$	US\$	Outstanding	me (years)	US\$
USG			USG	0.01	107,500	1.50	0.01
_	<del></del>	_	_	0.01	40,000	1.80	0.01
_	<del></del>	_	_	0.01	40,000	2.25	0.01
_	<del></del>	_	_	0.01	62,500	2.50	0.01
_	<del></del>	_	_	0.01	25,000	2.51	0.01
_	<del></del>	_	_	0.01	30,000	2.66	0.01
_	<del></del>	_	_	0.01	4,000	2.77	0.01
_	<del></del>	_	_	0.01	25,000	3.52	0.01
_	<del></del>	_	_	0.01	35,000	4.22	0.01
_	<del></del>	_	_	0.01	150,000	4.39	0.01
_	_	_	_	0.01	35,000	4.52	0.01
_	_	_	_	0.01	· ·	5.52	
_	<del></del>	_	_		75,000		0.01
_		_	_	0.01	200,000	5.89	0.01
_	_	_	_	0.01	200,000	6.05	0.01
_	_	_	_	0.01	10,000	6.17	0.01
_	_	_	_	0.01	300,000	6.52	0.01
		_	_	0.01	55,000	6.55	0.01
		_	_	0.01	560,000	6.80	0.01
				0.01	75,000	7.12	0.01
_		_	_	0.01	10,000	7.18	0.01
_	_	_	_	0.01	495,000	7.24	0.01
_	_	_	_	0.01	25,000	7.52	0.01
_	_	_	_	0.01	10,000	8.18	0.01
		_	_	0.01	895,000	8.23	0.01
_	_	_	_	0.01	25,000	8.52	0.01
_	_	_	_	0.01	10,000	9.18	0.01
_		_	_	0.01	25,000	9.52	0.01
_		_	_	0.06	50,000	7.52	0.06
_	_	_	_	0.07	125,000	8.52	0.07
_	_	_	_	0.07	6,562,000	8.24	0.07
_	_	_	_	0.09	175,000	9.52	0.09
_	_	_	_	0.14	210,000	6.55	0.14
_		_	_	0.15	3,200,000	6.52	0.15
_		_	_	0.15	6,354,325	6.80	0.15
_		_	_	0.16	340,000	0.44	0.16
_	_	_	_	0.16	75,000	4.45	0.16
_	_	_	_	0.18	25,000	0.42	0.18
_	_	_	_	0.18	5,130,000	7.24	0.18
_	_	_	_	0.24	25,000	7.09	0.24
_	_	_	_	0.24	118,000	7.12	0.24
_	_	_	_	0.25	50,000	6.17	0.25
		_	_	0.25	363,000	6.17	0.25
_		_	_	0.28	25,000	4.18	0.28
_	_	_	_	0.29	25,000	1.96	0.29
_	_	_	_	0.39	1,435,000	6.03	0.39
_	_	_	_	0.59	1,400,000	1.89	0.59
_	_	_	_	0.59	1,600,000	5.89	0.59
_	_	_	_	0.92	350,000	1.51	0.92
_	_	_	_	0.92	550,000	5.52	0.92
	_		_	0.01-0.92	31,711,325		0.20

Zion Oil & Gas, Inc.

### **Consolidated Condensed Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

### Note 3 - Stockholders' Equity (cont'd)

### **Granted to employees**

The following table sets forth information about the weighted-average fair value of options granted to employees and directors during the year, using the Black Scholes option-pricing model and the weighted-average assumptions used for such grants:

	For the six months ended June 30,			
	2	2025	2	2024
Weighted-average fair value of underlying stock at grant date	\$	0.10	\$	0.07
Dividend yields				_
Expected volatility		135%	, D	133%
Risk-free interest rates		4.41%	, D	3.97%
Expected lives (in years)		5.00		5.00
Weighted-average grant date fair value	\$	0.09	\$	0.07

The risk-free interest rate is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant for periods corresponding with the expected life of the options.

The expected life represents the weighted average period of time that options granted are expected to be outstanding. The expected life of the options granted to employees and directors is calculated based on the Simplified Method as allowed under Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 110 ("SAB 110"), giving consideration to the contractual term of the options and their vesting schedules, as the Company does not have sufficient historical exercise data at this time. The expected life of the option granted to non-employees equals their contractual term. In the case of an extension of the option life, the calculation was made on the basis of the extended life.

### 17

## Table of Contents

Zion Oil & Gas, Inc.

#### **Consolidated Condensed Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

Note 3 - Stockholders' Equity (cont'd)

#### C. Compensation Cost for Warrant and Option Issuances

The following table sets forth information about the compensation cost of warrant and option issuances recognized for employees and directors:

For the Three Months Ende	d June 30,
2025	2024
US\$ thousands	US\$ thousands
	109
For the Six Months Ended	June 30,
2025	2024
US\$ thousands	US\$ thousands
18	230
The following table sets forth information about the compensation cost of w	arrant and option issuances recognized for non-employees

For the Three Months Ended June 30,
2025 2024

US\$ thousands	US\$ thousands	
_	_ 1	
For the Six Mor	nths Ended June 30,	
2025	2024	
US\$ thousands	US\$ thousands	
	2	

Zion Oil & Gas, Inc.

#### **Consolidated Condensed Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

Note 3 - Stockholders' Equity (cont'd)

### D. Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan ("DSPP")

On March 13, 2014, Zion filed a registration statement on Form S-3 that was part of a replacement registration statement that was filed with the SEC using a "shelf" registration process. The registration statement was declared effective by the SEC on March 31, 2014. On February 23, 2017, the Company filed a Form S-3 with the SEC (Registration No. 333-216191) as a replacement for the Form S-3 (Registration No. 333-193336), for which the three-year period ended March 31, 2017, along with the base Prospectus and Supplemental Prospectus. The Form S-3, as amended, and the new base Prospectus became effective on March 10, 2017, along with the Prospectus Supplement that was filed and became effective on March 10, 2017. The Prospectus Supplement under Registration No. 333-216191 describes the terms of the DSPP and replaces the prior Prospectus Supplement, as amended, under the prior Registration No. 333-193336.

On December 14, 2022, the Company extended the termination date of the ZNWAG warrant by one (1) year from the expiration date of January 8, 2023 to January 8, 2024. Zion considers this warrant as permanent equity per ASC 815-40-35-2. As such, there is no value assigned to this extension.

As of January 8, 2024, any outstanding ZNWAG warrants expired.

Under our Plan, the Company under a Request For Waiver Program executed Waiver Term Sheets of a unit option program consisting of a Unit (shares of stock and warrants) of its securities and subsequently an option program consisting of shares of stock to a participant. The participant's Plan account was credited with the number of shares of the Company's Common Stock and warrants that were acquired. Each warrant affords the participant the opportunity to purchase one share of our Common Stock at a warrant exercise price of \$1.00. The warrant shall have the company notation of "ZNWAM." The warrants were not be registered for trading on the OTCQB or any other stock market or trading market. The warrants became exercisable on January 15, 2021 and continued to be exercisable through July 15, 2022.

On March 21, 2022, the Company extended the termination date of the ZNWAM warrant by one (1) year from the expiration date of July 15, 2022 to July 15, 2023 and revised the exercise price to \$0.05. Zion considers this warrant as permanent equity per ASC 815-40-35-2. As such, there is no value assigned to this extension.

On June 16, 2023, the Company extended the termination date of the ZNWAM warrant from July 15, 2023 to September 6, 2023. Zion considers this warrant as permanent equity per ASC 815-40-35-2. As such, there is no value assigned to this extension.

On August 21, 2023, the Company extended the termination date of the ZNWAM warrant from September 6, 2023 to October 31, 2023. Zion considers this warrant as permanent equity per ASC 815-40-35-2. As such, there is no value assigned to this extension.

On October 19, 2023, the Company extended the termination date of the ZNWAM warrant from October 31, 2023 to December 31, 2023. Zion considers this warrant as permanent equity per ASC 815-40-35-2. As such, there is no value assigned to this extension.

On December 18, 2023, the Company extended the termination date of the ZNWAM warrant from December 31, 2023 to March 31, 2024. Zion considers this warrant as permanent equity per ASC 815-40-35-2. As such, there is no value assigned to this extension.

Zion Oil & Gas, Inc.

#### **Consolidated Condensed Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

#### Note 3 - Stockholders' Equity (cont'd)

On March 28, 2024, the Company extended the termination date of the ZNWAM warrant from March 31, 2024 to December 31, 2024. Zion considers this warrant as permanent equity per ASC 815-40-35-2. As such, there is no value assigned to this extension.

On January 21, 2025, the Company extended the termination date of the ZNWAM warrant from December 31, 2024 to March 31, 2025. Zion considers this warrant as permanent equity per ASC 815-40-35-2. As such, there is no value assigned to this extension.

On March 18, 2025, the entire number of outstanding warrants of 4,376,000 were exercised at \$.05 each for total proceeds to Zion of approximately \$219,000. As of this report date, there are no ZNWAM warrants outstanding.

Under our Plan, the Company under a Request For Waiver Program executed a Waiver Term Sheet of a unit program consisting of units of shares of stock and warrants to a participant. After conclusion of the program on June 18, 2021, the participant's Plan account was credited with the number of shares of the Company's Common Stock and warrants that were acquired. Each warrant affords the participant the opportunity to purchase one share of our Common Stock at a warrant exercise price of \$.25. The warrant shall have the company notation of "ZNWAQ." The warrants were not be registered for trading on the OTCQB or any other stock market or trading market. The warrants were issued on May 5, 2022 and were exercisable through July 15, 2023 at a revised per share exercise price of \$.05.

Zion considers this warrant as permanent equity per ASC 815-40-35-2. As such, there is no value assigned to this extension.

On June 16, 2023, the Company extended the termination date of the ZNWAQ warrant from July 15, 2023 to September 6, 2023. Zion considers this warrant as permanent equity per ASC 815-40-35-2. As such, there is no value assigned to this extension.

On August 21, 2023, the Company extended the termination date of the ZNWAQ warrant from September 6, 2023 to October 31, 2023. Zion considers this warrant as permanent equity per ASC 815-40-35-2. As such, there is no value assigned to this extension.

On October 19, 2023, the Company extended the termination date of the ZNWAQ warrant from October 31, 2023 to December 31, 2023. Zion considers this warrant as permanent equity per ASC 815-40-35-2. As such, there is no value assigned to this extension.

On December 18, 2023, the Company extended the termination date of the ZNWAQ warrant from December 31, 2023 to March 31, 2024. Zion considers this warrant as permanent equity per ASC 815-40-35-2. As such, there is no value assigned to this extension.

On March 28, 2024, the Company extended the termination date of the ZNWAQ warrant from March 31, 2024 to December 31, 2024. Zion considers this warrant as permanent equity per ASC 815-40-35-2. As such, there is no value assigned to this extension.

On January 21, 2025, the Company extended the termination date of the ZNWAQ warrant from December 31, 2024 to March 31, 2025. Zion considers this warrant as permanent equity per ASC 815-40-35-2. As such, there is no value assigned to this extension.

During March 2025, the entire number of outstanding warrants of 23,428,348 were exercised at \$.05 each for total proceeds to Zion of approximately \$1,171,000. As of this report date, there are no ZNWAQ warrants outstanding.

Zion Oil & Gas, Inc.

#### **Consolidated Condensed Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

#### Note 3 - Stockholders' Equity (cont'd)

Under our Plan, the Company under a Request For Waiver Program executed a Waiver Term Sheet of a unit program consisting of units of shares of stock and warrants to a participant. After conclusion of the program on November 15, 2021, the participant's Plan account was credited with the number of shares of the Company's Common Stock and warrants that will be acquired. Each warrant affords the participant the opportunity to purchase one share of our Common Stock at a warrant exercise price of \$1.00. The warrant shall have the company notation of "ZNWAS." The warrants will not be registered for trading on the OTCQB or any other stock market or trading market. The warrants will be issued and become exercisable on November 15, 2025 and continue to be exercisable through December 31, 2025 at a revised per share exercise price of \$.25.

Under our Plan, the Company under a Request For Waiver Program executed a Waiver Term Sheet of a unit program consisting of units of shares of stock and warrants to a participant. After conclusion of the program on September 30, 2022, the participant's Plan account was credited with the number of shares of the Company's Common Stock and Warrants that were acquired. Each warrant affords the participant the opportunity to purchase one share of our Common Stock at a warrant exercise price of \$.25. The warrant shall have the company notation of "ZNWAT." The warrants will not be registered for trading on the OTCQB or any other stock market or trading market. The warrants will be issued and become exercisable on November 15, 2025 and continue to be exercisable through December 31, 2025 at a per share exercise price of \$.25.

Under our Plan, the Company under a Request For Waiver Program executed a Waiver Term Sheet of a unit program consisting of units of shares of stock and warrants to a participant. After conclusion of the program on December 31, 2022, the participant's Plan account was credited with the number of shares of the Company's Common Stock and Warrants that were acquired. Each warrant affords the participant the opportunity to purchase one share of our Common Stock at a warrant exercise price of \$.25. The warrant shall have the company notation of "ZNWAU." The warrants will not be registered for trading on the OTCQB or any other stock market or trading market. The warrants will be issued and exercisable on November 15, 2025 and continue to be exercisable through December 31, 2025 at a per share exercise price of \$.25.

Under our Plan, the Company under a Request For Waiver Program executed a Waiver Term Sheet of a program consisting of shares of stock to a participant. After conclusion of the program on August 31, 2023, the participant's Plan account was credited with the number of shares of the Company's Common Stock that were acquired. Zion incurred \$173,000 in equity issuance costs to an outside party related to this waiver program. The Company executed two additional Waiver Term Sheets with a participant consisting of shares of stock. After conclusion of the program on December 31, 2023, the participant's Plan account was credited with the number of shares of the Company's Common Stock that were acquired. During the year ended December 31, 2023, Zion incurred \$1,120,000 in equity issuance costs.

On January 1, 2024, the Company executed a Waiver Term Sheet with a participant consisting of shares of stock. After conclusion of the program on March 31, 2024, the participant's Plan account was credited with the number of shares of the Company's Common Stock that were acquired. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, Zion incurred \$947,000 and 1,763,000 in equity issuance costs and \$2,921,000 in equity issuance costs for the year ending December 31, 2024.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, Zion did not incur any equity issuance costs.

On April 1, 2024, the Company executed its current Waiver Term Sheet with a participant consisting of shares of stock and warrants.

The program was scheduled to terminate at the earlier of: (a) a maximum purchase of \$10,000,000 through the DSPP, (b) October 1, 2024 or (c) the closing price of Zion's stock is 15 cents per share for five (5) consecutive days. Additional terms of the Waiver Term Sheet included the pro-rata issuance of up to 5,000,000 warrants with an exercise price of \$.25 per share and an expiration date of December 31, 2024, in the event the Participant purchases up to \$5,000,000 of the Company's stock by July 1, 2024.

On or around August 13, 2024, a first amendment to its current Waiver Term Sheet was signed with the participant. The additional terms of the Waiver Term sheet included the pro-rata issuance of up to 10,000,000 warrants with an exercise price of \$.25 per share and an expiration date of December 31, 2024, in the event the Participant purchases up to \$10,000,000 of the Company's stock by October 1, 2024.

On or around September 30, 2024, a second amendment to its current Waiver Term Sheet was signed with the participant. The additional terms of the Waiver Term sheet included changing the expiration date to December 31, 2024 and the pro-rata issuance of up to 10,000,000 warrants with an exercise price of \$.25 per share and an expiration date of April 1, 2025, in the event the Participant purchases up to \$10,000,000 of the Company's stock by December 31, 2024.

Zion Oil & Gas, Inc.

#### **Consolidated Condensed Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

#### Note 3 - Stockholders' Equity (cont'd)

On or around November 12, 2024, a third amendment to the Waiver Term Sheet was signed with the participant. The additional terms of the Waiver Term sheet included changing the provision for the program termination provided that the closing stock price is \$.20 cents per share or higher for five (5) consecutive days.

On or around January 21, 2025, a fourth amendment to the Waiver Term Sheet was signed with the participant. The Pricing Plan of the program terminated at the earlier of: (a) a maximum purchase of \$15,000,000 through the DSPP, (b) June 30, 2025 or (c) the closing price of Zion's stock is 20 cents per share for five (5) consecutive days. Additional terms of the Waiver Term Sheet include the pro-rata issuance of up to 15,000,000 warrants with an exercise price of \$.25 per share and an expiration date of December 31, 2025, in the event the Participant purchases up to \$15,000,000 of the Company's stock by June 30, 2025. As of May 2, 2025, this latest Waiver Term Sheet was terminated as the participant completed the maximum purchase of \$15,000,000 through the DSPP along with 15,000,000 warrants.

On May 19, 2025, a total of 15,000,000 warrants were issued to the participant with the internal designation as the "ZNWBB" warrants.

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, one participant who participated in the "Request for Waiver" aspect of the DSPP contributed approximately 66% of the net cash raised through the DSPP.

During the six months ended June 30, 2024, one participant who participated in the "Request for Waiver" aspect of the DSPP contributed approximately 56% of the net cash raised through the DSPP.

On March 13, 2023, Zion filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission an Amendment No. 2 to the Prospectus Supplement dated as of December 15, 2021 and accompanying base prospectus dated December 1, 2021 relating to the Company's Dividend Reinvestment and Direct Stock Purchase Plan. The Prospectus forms a part of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-3 (File No. 333-261452), as amended, which was declared effective by the SEC on December 15, 2021.

Zion Oil & Gas, Inc.

#### **Consolidated Condensed Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

Note 3 - Stockholders' Equity (cont'd)

#### Amendment No. 4 – New Unit Option under the Unit Program

Under our Plan, we provided a Unit Option under our Unit Program with this Amendment No. 4. This Unit Option period began on November 6, 2023 and was scheduled to terminate on December 31, 2023. See Amendment No. 5 below for data on an extension.

Our Unit Program consists of the combination of Common Stock and warrants with basic Unit Program features, conditions and terms outlined in the Original Prospectus Supplement and Amendment No. 1. Amendment No. 4 provided the option period, unit price and the determination of the number of shares of Common Stock and warrants per unit. This Unit Option began on November 6, 2023 and terminated on December 31, 2023. The Unit Option consisted of Units of our securities where each Unit (priced at \$250.00 each) was comprised of (i) a certain number of shares of Common Stock determined by dividing \$250.00 (the price of one Unit) by the average of the high and low sale prices of the Company's publicly traded common stock as reported on the OTCQB on the Unit Purchase Date and (ii) Common Stock purchase warrants to purchase an additional fifty (50) shares of Common Stock at a per share exercise price of \$0.25. The participant's Plan account will be credited with the number of shares of the Company's Common Stock and Warrants that were acquired under the Units purchased. Each warrant affords the participant the opportunity to purchase one share of our Common Stock at a warrant exercise price of \$0.25. The warrant shall have the Company notation of "ZNWBA" and will not be registered for trading on the OTCQB or any other stock market or trading market.

Plan participants, who enrolled into the Unit Program with the purchase of at least one Unit and enroll in the separate Automatic Monthly Investments ("AMI") program at a minimum of \$50.00 per month, received an additional fifty (50) warrants at an exercise price of \$0.25 during this Unit Option Program. The fifty (50) additional warrants were for enrolling into the AMI program and received the above warrant with the Company notation of "ZNWBA." Existing subscribers to the AMI were entitled to the additional fifty (50) warrants, if they purchased at least one (1) Unit during the Unit program.

The ZNWBA warrants became exercisable on January 15, 2024, and continued to be exercisable through January 15, 2025, unless extended, at a per share exercise price of \$0.25. See Amendment No. 5 below for new dates.

### Amendment No. 5 – Extension of Termination Date to January 31, 2024

Under our Dividend Reinvestment and Common Stock Purchase Plan (the "Plan"), we extended the current Unit Option that was filed under Amendment No. 4, dated November 6, 2023, to terminate on January 31, 2024.

The ZNWBA warrants now will be first exercisable on February 15, 2024, instead of January 15, 2024 and continued to be exercisable through February 15, 2025, instead of January 15, 2025, unless extended, at a per share exercise price of \$0.25. Zion considers this warrant as permanent equity per ASC 815-40-35-2. As such, there is no value assigned to this extension.

Accordingly, all references in the Original Prospectus Supplement and Amendment No. 1 and Amendment No. 4, concerning the Unit Option, continue, except for the substitution of the revised Unit Option dates and features above. All other Plan features, conditions and terms remain unchanged.

The date of this Amendment No. 5 to Prospectus Supplement was December 20, 2023.

### Amendment No. 6 – Extension of Termination Date to February 29, 2024

Under our Dividend Reinvestment and Common Stock Purchase Plan (the "Plan"), we extended the current Unit Option that was filed under Amendment No. 4, dated November 6, 2023, to terminate on February 29, 2024.

The ZNWBA warrants now will be exercisable on March 15, 2024, instead of February 15, 2024 and continued to be exercisable through March 15, 2025, instead of February 15, 2025, unless extended, at a per share exercise price of \$0.25. Zion considers this warrant as permanent equity per ASC 815-40-35-2. As such, there is no value assigned to this extension.

Accordingly, all references in the Original Prospectus Supplement and Amendment No. 1 and Amendment No. 4, concerning the Unit Option, continue, except for the substitution of the revised Unit Option dates and features above. All other Plan features, conditions and terms remain unchanged.

The date of this Amendment No. 6 to Prospectus Supplement was January 29, 2024.

Zion Oil & Gas, Inc.

#### **Consolidated Condensed Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

Note 3 - Stockholders' Equity (cont'd)

### Amendment No. 7 – Extension of Termination Date to March 31, 2024

Under our Dividend Reinvestment and Common Stock Purchase Plan (the "Plan"), we extended the current Unit Option that was filed under Amendment No. 4, dated November 6, 2023, to terminate on March 31, 2024.

The ZNWBA warrants now will be first exercisable on April 15, 2024, instead of March 15, 2024 and continued to be exercisable through April 15, 2025, instead of March 15, 2025, unless extended, at a per share exercise price of \$0.25. Zion considers this warrant as permanent equity per ASC 815-40-35-2. As such, there is no value assigned to this extension.

Accordingly, all references in the Original Prospectus Supplement and Amendment No. 1 and Amendment No. 4, concerning the Unit Option, continue, except for the substitution of the revised Unit Option dates and features above. All other Plan features, conditions and terms remain unchanged.

The date of this Amendment No. 7 to Prospectus Supplement was February 26, 2024.

#### Amendment No. 8 – Extension of Termination Date to April 30, 2024

Under our Dividend Reinvestment and Common Stock Purchase Plan (the "Plan"), we extended the current Unit Option that was filed under Amendment No. 4, dated November 6, 2023, to terminate on April 30, 2024.

The ZNWBA warrants now will be first exercisable on May 15, 2024, instead of April 15, 2024, and continued to be exercisable through May 15, 2025, instead of April 15, 2025, unless extended, at a per share exercise price of \$0.25. Zion considers this warrant as permanent equity per ASC 815-40-35-2. As such, there is no value assigned to this extension.

Accordingly, all references in the Original Prospectus Supplement and Amendment No. 1 and Amendment No. 4, concerning the Unit Option, continue, except for the substitution of the revised Unit Option dates and features above. All other Plan features, conditions and terms remain unchanged.

The date of this Amendment No. 8 to Prospectus Supplement was March 23, 2024.

Zion Oil & Gas, Inc.

#### **Consolidated Condensed Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

Note 3 - Stockholders' Equity (cont'd)

#### Amendment No. 9 - Extension of Termination Date to May 31, 2024

Under our Dividend Reinvestment and Common Stock Purchase Plan (the "Plan"), we extended the current Unit Option that was filed under Amendment No. 4, dated November 6, 2023, to terminate on May 31, 2024.

The ZNWBA warrants now will be first exercisable on June 15, 2024, instead of May 15, 2024, and continued to be exercisable through June 15, 2025, instead of May 15, 2025, unless extended, at a per share exercise price of \$0.25. Zion considers this warrant as permanent equity per ASC 815-40-35-2. As such, there is no value assigned to this extension.

Accordingly, all references in the Original Prospectus Supplement and Amendment No. 1 and Amendment No. 4, concerning the Unit Option, continue, except for the substitution of the revised Unit Option dates and features above. All other Plan features, conditions and terms remain unchanged.

The date of this Amendment No. 9 to Prospectus Supplement was April 24, 2024.

#### Amendment No. 10 – Extension of Termination Date to August 31, 2024

Under our Dividend Reinvestment and Common Stock Purchase Plan (the "Plan"), we extended the current Unit Option that was filed under Amendment No. 4, dated November 6, 2023, to terminate on August 31, 2024.

The ZNWBA warrants now will be first exercisable on September 15, 2024, instead of June 15, 2024, and continue to be exercisable through September 14, 2025, instead of June 15, 2025, unless extended, at a per share exercise price of \$0.25. Zion considers this warrant as permanent equity per ASC 815-40-35-2. As such, there is no value assigned to this extension.

Accordingly, all references in the Original Prospectus Supplement and Amendment No. 1 and Amendment No. 4, concerning the Unit Option, continue, except for the substitution of the revised Unit Option dates and features above. All other Plan features, conditions and terms remain unchanged.

The date of this Amendment No. 10 to Prospectus Supplement was May 29, 2024.

#### Amendment No. 11 – Extension of Termination Date to October 15, 2024

Under our Dividend Reinvestment and Common Stock Purchase Plan (the "Plan"), we extended the current Unit Option that was filed under Amendment No. 4, dated November 6, 2023, to terminate on October 15, 2024.

The ZNWBA warrants now will be first exercisable on November 15, 2024, instead of September 15, 2024, and continue to be exercisable through November 14, 2025, instead of September 15, 2025, unless extended, at a per share exercise price of \$0.25. Zion considers this warrant as permanent equity per ASC 815-40-35-2. As such, there is no value assigned to this extension.

Accordingly, all references in the Original Prospectus Supplement and Amendment No. 1 and Amendment No. 4, concerning the Unit Option, continue, except for the substitution of the revised Unit Option dates and features above. All other Plan features, conditions and terms remain unchanged.

The date of this Amendment No. 11 to Prospectus Supplement was August 22, 2024.

Zion Oil & Gas, Inc.

#### **Consolidated Condensed Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

Note 3 - Stockholders' Equity (cont'd)

#### Amendment No. 12 – Extension of Termination Date to December 31, 2024

Under our Dividend Reinvestment and Common Stock Purchase Plan (the "Plan"), we extended the current Unit Option that was filed under Amendment No. 4, dated November 6, 2023. Our Unit Program consists of the combination of Common Stock and warrants with an extended time period, but otherwise the same Unit Program features, conditions and terms in the Prospectus Supplement and Amendment No. 4 apply. We extended under our Unit Program that was to terminate October 15, 2024, but now will terminate December 31, 2024, and we extended the exercise and termination dates of the related ZNWBA warrants.

For Plan participants who enroll into the Unit Program with the purchase of at least one Unit and also enroll in the separate Automatic Monthly Investments ("AMI") program at a minimum of \$50.00 per month or more, will receive an additional fifty (50) Warrants at an exercise price of \$0.25 during this Unit Option Program. The fifty (50) additional warrants are for enrolling into the AMI program. Existing subscribers to the AMI are entitled to the additional fifty (50) warrants once, if they purchase at least one (1) Unit during the Unit program.

The ZNWBA warrants became exercisable on January 31, 2025, instead of November 15, 2024, and continue to be exercisable through January 31, 2026, instead of November 15, 2025, unless extended, at a per share exercise price of \$0.25. Zion considers this warrant as permanent equity per ASC 815-40-35-2. As such, there is no value assigned to this extension.

Accordingly, all references in the Original Prospectus Supplement and Amendment No. 1 and Amendment No. 4, concerning the Unit Option, continue, except for the substitution of the revised Unit Option dates and features above. All other Plan features, conditions and terms remain unchanged.

The date of this Amendment No. 12 to Prospectus Supplement was October 9, 2024.

#### Amendment No. 13 – Extension of Termination Date to February 28, 2025

Under our Dividend Reinvestment and Common Stock Purchase Plan (the "Plan"), we extended the current Unit Option that was filed under Amendment No. 4, dated November 6, 2023, to terminate on February 28, 2025.

The ZNWBA warrants became exercisable on March 31, 2025, instead of January 31, 2025, and continue to be exercisable through March 31, 2026, instead of January 31, 2026, unless extended, at a per share exercise price of \$0.25. Zion considers this warrant as permanent equity per ASC 815-40-35-2. As such, there is no value assigned to this extension.

Accordingly, all references in the Original Prospectus Supplement and Amendment No. 1 and Amendment No. 4, concerning the Unit Option, continue, except for the substitution of the revised Unit Option dates and features above. All other Plan features, conditions and terms remain unchanged.

The date of this Amendment No. 13 to Prospectus Supplement was December 10, 2024.

The current Unit Option terminated on February 28, 2025 as described in Amendment No. 13. The ZWNBA warrants, exercisable at \$0.25, were issued on March 31, 2025 and will be exercisable through March 31, 2026.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, approximately \$33,000 and \$179,000, respectively, were recorded under the Company's Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity as Subscriptions Receivables.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, approximately \$985,000 and \$985,000, respectively, were recorded under the Company's Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity as Subscriptions Receivables.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, approximately \$7,740,000 and \$13,780,000, respectively, were raised under the DSPP program.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, approximately \$5,896,000 and \$9,453,000 were raised under the DSPP program, respectively. The \$5,896,000 and \$9,453,000 figures were reduced by \$947,000 and \$1,763,000, respectively, in equity issuance costs to an outside party resulting in net cash provided of \$4,949,000 and \$7,690,000, respectively.

The company raised approximately \$947,000 from the period July 1, 2025 through August 5, 2025, under the DSPP program, which includes collection of the \$179,000 stock subscription receivable at June 30, 2025.

### Zion Oil & Gas, Inc.

### **Consolidated Condensed Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

### Note 3 - Stockholders' Equity (cont'd)

The warrants represented by the company notation ZNWAA are tradeable on the OTCQB market under the symbol ZNOGW. However, all of the other warrants characterized above, in the table below, and throughout this Form 10-Q, are not tradeable and are used internally for classification and accounting purposes only.

#### E. Warrant Table

The warrant balances at December 31, 2024 and transactions since January 1, 2025 are shown in the table below:

	E	xercise	Warrant Termination	Outstanding Balance, December 31,	Warrants	Warrants	Warrants	Outstanding Balance,
Warrants		Price	Date	2024	Issued	Exercised	Expired	June 30, 2025
ZNWAA	\$	2.00	01/31/2026	1,498,804	-	_	-	1,498,804
ZNWAM	\$	0.05	03/31/2025	4,376,000	=	(4,376,000)	=	-
ZNWAQ	\$	0.05	03/31/2025	23,428,348	=	(23,428,348)	=	-
ZNWBA	\$	0.25	03/31/2026	-	1,177,950	-	-	1,177,950
ZNWBB	\$	0.25	12/31/2025	-	15,000,000	-	-	15,000,000
Outstanding warrants				29,303,152	16,177,950	(27,804,348)		17,676,754

Zion Oil & Gas, Inc.

#### **Consolidated Condensed Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

Note 3 - Stockholders' Equity (cont'd)

#### F. Warrant Descriptions of Current Warrants

The price and the expiration dates for the series of warrants to investors are shown in the table below. The listing contains only those warrants with a future expiration date.

		Period of Grant	US\$	<b>Expiration Date</b>
ZNWAA Warrants	A,B,C,D,H	March 2013 – December 2014	2.00	January 31, 2026
<b>ZNWAS Warrants</b>	E	August 2021 – March 2022	0.25	December 31, 2025
ZNWAT Warrants	E	August – September 2022	0.25	December 31, 2025
ZNWAU Warrants	E	October – November 2022	0.25	December 31, 2025
ZNWBA Warrants	F,G	November – December 2024	0.25	March 31, 2026
ZNWBB Warrants	I	April 2024 – June 2025	0.25	December 31, 2025

- A On May 29, 2019, the Company extended the expiration date of the Warrants by one (1) year.
- B On September 15, 2020, the Company extended the expiration date of the Warrants by two (2) years.
- C On December 14, 2022, the Company extended the expiration date of the Warrants by one (1) year.
- D On January 10, 2024, the Company extended the expiration date of the ZNWAA warrant by one (1) year.
- E These warrants will be issued and become exercisable beginning on November 15, 2025 and expire on December 31, 2025.
- F On November 6, 2023, the Company announced a new Unit Offering and the related ZNWBA warrant.
- G On May 29, 2024, the Company filed Amendment No. 10 whereby the current unit option was extended to August 31, 2024 and the exercise date and termination date of the related ZNWBA warrants were also extended. On August 22, 2024, the Company filed Amendment No. 11 whereby the current unit option was extended to October 15, 2024 and the exercise date and termination date of the related ZNWBA warrants were also extended. On October 9, 2024, the Company filed Amendment No. 12 whereby the current unit option was extended to December 31, 2024 and the exercise date and termination date of the related ZNWBA warrants were also extended to January 31, 2026. On December 10, 2024, the Company filed Amendment No. 13 whereby the current unit option was extended to February 28, 2025, when the unit option ended, and the exercise date and termination date of the related ZNWBA warrants were also extended to March 31, 2026.
- H On November 12, 2024, the Company extended the expiration date of the ZNWAA warrant by one (1) year. The new expiration date is January 31, 2026.
- I On May 19, 2025, the Company issued 15,000,000 warrants to one participant, with an expiration date of December 31, 2025.

Zion Oil & Gas, Inc.

### **Consolidated Condensed Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

#### Note 4 - Unproved Oil and Gas Properties, Full Cost Method

Unproved oil and gas properties, under the full cost method, are comprised as follows:

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
	US\$	US\$
Excluded from amortization base:	thousands	thousands
Drilling costs, and other operational related costs	10,698	6,426
Capitalized salary costs	2,598	2,546
Capitalized interest costs	1,418	1,418
Legal and seismic costs, license fees and other preparation costs	11,832	11,253
Other costs	39	39
	26,585	21,682

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, the Company did not record any post-impairment charges.

Changes in Unproved oil and gas properties during the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

	For the three months ended June 30,		For the six months ended June 30,		
	2025	2024	2025	2024	
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	
	thousands	thousands	thousands	thousands	
Excluded from amortization base:					
Drilling costs, and other operational related costs	3,847	593	4,272	647	
Capitalized salary costs	26	25	52	51	
Legal and seismic costs, license fees and other preparation costs	263	254	579	480	
	4,136*	872*	4,903*	1,178*	

<sup>\*</sup> Inclusive of non-cash amounts of approximately \$965,000, and \$338,000 during the three months ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively

Please refer to Footnote 1 – Nature of Operations and Going Concern for more information about Zion's exploration activities.

<sup>\*</sup> Inclusive of non-cash amounts of approximately \$1,658,000, and \$1,002,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively

Zion Oil & Gas, Inc.

#### **Consolidated Condensed Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

#### Note 5 - Right of use lease assets and lease obligations

The Company is a lessee in several non-cancellable operating leases for transportation and office space.

The table below presents the operating lease assets and liabilities recognized on the balance sheet as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024:

	Juno 20 Us thous	25 S\$		mber 31, 2024 US\$ ousands
Operating lease assets	\$	708	\$	759
Operating lease liabilities: Current operating lease liabilities	\$	109	\$	107
Non-current operating lease liabilities  Total operating lease liabilities	<u>\$</u> \$	572 681	\$ \$	637 744
Town operating toward intermedia	<del>*</del>			

The depreciable lives of operating lease assets and leasehold improvements are limited by the expected lease term.

The Company's leases generally do not provide an implicit rate, and therefore the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate when measuring operating lease liabilities. The incremental borrowing rate represents an estimate of the interest rate the Company would incur at lease commencement to borrow an amount equal to the lease payments on a collateralized basis over the term of a lease within a particular currency environment. The Company used incremental borrowing rates as of January 1, 2019 for operating leases that commenced prior to that date.

The Company's field office in Caesarea, Israel is under lease for 6,566 square feet.

The Company had an option to renew the lease for another five years from February 1, 2024 to January 31, 2029, provided it was not in breach of the agreement, where it is required as well to furnish a notice of intent to exercise the option six months prior to termination of lease, and it furnishes a bank guarantee and insurance confirmation prior to commencement of the option period. The Company exercised the option to renew the lease for another seven years from February 1, 2024 through January 31, 2031, when rent is to be paid on a monthly basis in the base amount of approximately NIS 46,500 per month (approximately \$13,800) at the exchange rate in effect on the date of this report and is linked to an increase (but not a decrease) in the CPI.

The Company's weighted average remaining lease term and weighted average discount rate for operating leases as of June 30, 2025 are:

	June 30,
	2025
Weighted average remaining lease term (years)	5.5
Weighted average discount rate	7.9%

Zion Oil & Gas, Inc.

#### **Consolidated Condensed Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

#### Note 5 - Right of use lease assets and leases obligations (cont'd)

The table below reconciles the undiscounted future minimum lease payments (displayed by year and in the aggregate) under non-cancellable operating leases with terms of more than one year to the total operating lease liabilities recognized on the condensed balance sheets as of June 30, 2025:

	US\$
	thousands
2025	77
2026	151
2027	148
2028	148
2029	148
Thereafter	163
Total undiscounted future minimum lease payments	835
Less: portion representing imputed interest	(154)
Total undiscounted future minimum lease payments	681

Operating lease costs were \$80,000 and \$142,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively. Operating lease costs are included within general and administrative expenses on the statements of operations.

Operating lease costs were \$74,000 and \$149,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively.

Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of operating lease liabilities was \$24,000 and \$63,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively. These amounts are included in operating activities in the statements of cash flows.

Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of operating lease liabilities was \$80,000 and \$168,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively.

Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities were \$nil and \$nil for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively.

Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities were \$nil and \$829,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively.

Zion Oil & Gas, Inc.

#### **Consolidated Condensed Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

#### **Note 6 - Commitments and Contingencies**

#### A. Litigation

From time to time, the Company may be subject to routine litigation, claims or disputes in the ordinary course of business. The Company defends itself vigorously in all such matters. However, we cannot predict the outcome or effect of any of the potential litigation, claims or disputes.

On June 3, 2025, the Company received a notification via summons that it is being sued in the Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles under the state's "Trap and Trace" law. The company has retained counsel in the state of California and this case is ongoing. No recognition of legal expenses has been made in 2025, but the company has made an immaterial prepayment to our outside legal firm. Our outside counsel in California advises that the California courts are backlogged with similar cases and that a resolution to our case is not expected for months. However, we believe we have a strong case based on the facts.

# B. Recent Market Conditions – Coronavirus, Israel-Hamas War, Israel-Hezbollah War, Israel-Iran War and the Russia-Ukraine War

#### Coronavirus

During March 2020, a global pandemic was declared by the World Health Organization related to the rapidly growing outbreak of a novel strain of coronavirus ("COVID-19"). The pandemic significantly impacted the economic conditions in the United States and Israel, as federal, state and local governments reacted to the public health crisis, creating significant uncertainties in the United States, Israel and world economies. In the interest of public health and safety, jurisdictions (international, national, state and local) where we have operations, restricted travel and required workforces to work from home. However, as of the date of this report, most of our employees are working at our physical offices, but have the ability to work from home as needed.

#### <u>Israel-Hamas War</u>

On October 7, 2023, Hamas, a militant terrorist organization in Gaza, infiltrated southern Israel, killing and injuring at least one thousand Israeli citizens. Roughly 250 Israeli hostages were then taken back to Gaza. This unprovoked attack led the nation of Israel to declare war on Hamas approximately one week later. Israel and Gaza subsequently entered into a multi-phase ceasefire involving the cessation of battles in exchange for release of Israeli hostages and Palestinian prisoners, but hostilities resumed pending release of the remaining Israeli hostages.

There is uncertainty as to how long the war inside the Gaza strip will last. While we acknowledge that uncertainty, the Company is moving forward with its MJ-01 recompletion activities (see note 1 for details).

#### Israel-Hezbollah War and Wider Hostilities

Immediately after the October 7, 2023 Hamas attack on Israel, the terrorist organization Hezbollah (in Lebanon) began launching daily rockets into Israel. Over the course of the next several months, both Hezbollah and Israel traded rocket fire into the other country, but without engaging in a full war. During Q3 2024, both sides increased the frequency and number of missiles fired. In September 2024, Israel began a ground invasion into Lebanon. On or around November 27, 2024, Israel and Hezbollah signed a ceasefire agreement. As of the date of this report, both sides are holding to its terms.

#### Israel-Iran War

On June 13, 2025, Israel launched Operation Rising Lion by surprise attacks on key military and nuclear facilities in Iran. This was a targeted operation to roll back the Iranian threat to Israel's very survival. In the opening hours of the war, Israeli air force assassinated some of Iran's prominent military leaders and nuclear scientists, and damaged or destroyed Iran's air defenses and some of its nuclear and military facilities. Israel launched hundreds of airstrikes throughout the war. Iran retaliated with waves of missile and drone strikes against Israeli cities and military sites; over 550 ballistic missiles and more than 1,000 explosive drones were launched by Iran during the war. The Iran-allied Houthis in Yemen also fired several missiles at Israel. On the ninth day of the war the United States bombed three Iranian nuclear sites. On June 24, 2025, Israel and Iran agreed to a ceasefire. As of the date of this report, both sides are holding to its terms.

#### Russia-Ukraine War

Due to Russia's invasion of Ukraine, which began in February 2022, and the resulting sanctions and other actions against Russia and Belarus, there has been uncertainty and disruption in the global economy. Although the Russian war against Ukraine did not have a material adverse impact on the Company's financial results for the quarter ended June 30, 2025, at this time the Company is unable to fully assess the aggregate impact the Russian war against Ukraine may have on its business due to various uncertainties, which include, but are not limited to, the duration of the war, the war's effect on the global economy, future energy pricing, its impact to the businesses of the Company and actions that may be taken by governmental authorities related to the war.

## C. Environmental and Onshore Licensing Regulatory Matters

The Company is engaged in oil and gas exploration and production and may become subject to certain liabilities as they relate to environmental clean-up of well sites or other environmental restoration procedures and other obligations as they relate to the drilling of oil and gas wells or the operation thereof. Various guidelines have been published in Israel by the State of Israel's Petroleum Commissioner and Energy and Environmental Ministries as it pertains to oil and gas activities. Mention of these older guidelines was included in previous Zion filings.

Zion Oil & Gas, Inc.

### **Consolidated Condensed Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

#### Note 6 - Commitments and Contingencies (cont'd)

The Company believes that these regulations will result in an increase in the expenditures associated with obtaining new exploration rights and drilling new wells. The Company expects that an additional financial burden could occur as a result of requiring cash reserves that could otherwise be used for operational purposes. In addition, these regulations are likely to continue to increase the time needed to obtain all of the necessary authorizations and approvals to drill and production test exploration wells.

As of June 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, the Company accrued \$nil and \$nil for license regulatory matters.

## D. Insurance Financing

Effective March 12, 2024, the Company renewed its rig insurance policy with total premiums, taxes and fees for approximately \$95,000. A cash down payment of approximately \$38,000 was paid on February 23, 2024. Under the terms of the insurance financing, payments of approximately \$9,000, which included interest at the rate of 13.99% per annum, were due each month for 10 months commencing on April 12, 2024. As of June 30, 2025, this was fully paid off.

Effective November 18, 2024, the Company renewed its third party liability policy in Israel with total premiums, taxes and fees for approximately \$76,000. A cash down payment of approximately \$20,000 was paid on November 18, 2024. Under the terms of the insurance financing, payments of approximately \$5,000, which include interest at the rate of 12.9% per annum, are due each month for 11 months commencing on December 16, 2024. As of June 30, 2025, the outstanding balance was approximately \$20,000. This policy was capitalized under Unproved Oil and Gas Properties.

Effective December 3, 2024, the Company renewed its Control of well ("COW") insurance policy in Israel with total premiums, taxes and fees for approximately \$84,000. A cash payment of approximately \$84,000 was paid on December 3, 2024. This policy was capitalized under Unproved Oil and Gas Properties.

Effective December 28, 2024, the Company renewed its D&O insurance policy with total premiums, taxes and fees for approximately \$430,000. A cash down payment of approximately \$41,000 was paid on January 2, 2025. Under the terms of the insurance financing, payments of approximately \$39,000, which include interest at the rate of 12.9% per annum, are due each month for 10 months commencing on January 28, 2025. As of June 30, 2025, the outstanding balance was approximately \$156,000.

Effective March 12, 2025, the Company renewed its rig insurance policy with total premiums, taxes and fees for approximately \$119,000. A cash payment of approximately \$119,000 was paid on March 7, 2025. This policy was capitalized under Unproved Oil & Gas Properties.

As of June 30, 2025and December 31, 2024, the Company had contractual obligations to pay for various lines of insurance, including directors and officers, rig and third-party liability. The balances for insurance financing were \$176,000 and \$490,000, respectively.

## E. Bank Guarantees

As of June 30, 2025, the Company provided Israeli-required bank guarantees to various governmental bodies (approximately \$946,000) and others (approximately \$102,000) with respect to its drilling operation in an aggregate amount of approximately \$1,048,000. The (cash) funds backing these guarantees are held in restricted interest-bearing accounts in Israel and are reported on the Company's balance sheets as cash and cash equivalents – restricted.

## F. Vendor Concentration

The Company's financial instruments that are exposed to a concentration of credit risk are accounts payable. At June 30, 2025, there were three suppliers that represent 10% or more of the Company's accounts payable balance. At December 31, 2024, there were three suppliers that represent 10% or more of the Company's accounts payable balance.

Zion Oil & Gas, Inc.

#### **Consolidated Condensed Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)**

#### Note 6 - Commitments and Contingencies (cont'd)

#### G. Risks

Market risk is a broad term for the risk of economic loss due to adverse changes in the fair value of a financial instrument. These changes may be the result of various factors, including interest rates, foreign exchange rates, commodity prices and/or equity prices. In the normal course of doing business, we are exposed to the risks associated with foreign currency exchange rates and changes in interest rates.

Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risks. A portion of our expenses, primarily labor expenses and certain supplier contracts, are denominated in New Israeli Shekels ("NIS"). As a result, we have significant exposure to the risk of fluctuating exchange rates with the U.S. Dollar ("USD"), our primary reporting currency. During the period January 1, 2025 through June 30, 2025, the USD has fluctuated by approximately 7.5% against the NIS (the USD weakened relative to the NIS). In contrast, during the period January 1, 2024 through December 31, 2024, the USD fluctuated by approximately 0.6% against the NIS (the USD strengthened relative to the NIS). Continued weakening of the US dollar against the NIS will result in higher operating costs from NIS denominated expenses. To date, we have not hedged any of our currency exchange rate risks, but we may do so in the future.

Interest Rate Risk. Our exposure to market risk relates to our cash and investments. We maintain an investment portfolio of short-term bank deposits and money market funds. The securities in our investment portfolio are not leveraged, and are, due to their very short-term nature, subject to minimal interest rate risk. We currently do not hedge interest rate exposure. Because of the short-term maturities of our investments, we do not believe that a change in market interest rates would have a significant negative impact on the value of our investment portfolio except for reduced income in a low interest rate environment. As of June 30, 2025, we had cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash of approximately \$9,685,000. The weighted average annual interest rate related to our cash and cash equivalents for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, exclusive of funds at US banks that earn no interest, was approximately 2.9% and 2.9%, respectively.

The primary objective of our investment activities is to preserve principal while at the same time maximizing yields without significantly increasing risk. To achieve this objective, we invest our excess cash in short-term bank deposits and money market funds that may invest in high quality debt instruments.

#### **Note 7 - Subsequent Events**

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through August 11, 2025, the date of filing of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, and determined that there have been no events that have occurred that would require adjustments to our disclosures in the condensed consolidated financial statements, other than the following:

(i) Approximately \$947,000 was collected through the Company's DSPP program during the period July 1, 2025 through August 5, 2025, which includes collection of the \$179,000 stock subscription receivable at June 30, 2025.

# ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

THE FOLLOWING DISCUSSION SHOULD BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH OUR UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND THE RELATED NOTES TO THOSE STATEMENTS INCLUDED IN THIS FORM 10-Q. SOME OF OUR DISCUSSION IS FORWARD-LOOKING AND INVOLVES RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES. FOR INFORMATION REGARDING RISK FACTORS THAT COULD HAVE A MATERIAL ADVERSE EFFECT ON OUR BUSINESS, REFER TO THE DISCUSSION OF RISK FACTORS IN THE "DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS" SECTION OF OUR ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024, FILED WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION.

## **Forward-Looking Statements**

Certain statements made in this discussion are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements may materially differ from actual results.

Forward-looking statements can be identified by terminology such as "may", "should", "expects", "intends", "anticipates", "believes", "estimates", "predicts", or "continue" or the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology and include, without limitation, statements regarding:

- the Israel-Hamas war which began in October 2023 and its effect on our exploration program;
- the Israel-Iran war which began and ended in June 2025 and its effect on our exploration program;
- the Israel-Hezbollah war which began in 2024, along with wider regional hostilities towards Israel, and their effect on our exploration program;
- the going concern qualification in our consolidated condensed financial statements;
- our ability to obtain new license areas to continue our exploration program;
- our liquidity and our ability to raise capital to finance our overall exploration and development activities within our license area;
- our ability to continue meeting the requisite continued listing requirements by OTCQB;
- interruptions, increased financial costs and other adverse impacts of the covid 19 coronavirus pandemic, the Israel-Hamas war, the Israel-Hezbollah war, the Israel-Iran war, and the Russia-Ukraine war on the drilling and testing of our petroleum exploration program and our capital raising efforts;
- our ability to explore for and develop natural gas and oil resources successfully and economically within a license area;
- our ability to maintain the exploration license rights to continue our petroleum exploration program;
- the availability of equipment, such as seismic equipment, drilling rigs, and production equipment as well as access to qualified personnel;
- the impact of governmental regulations, permitting and other legal requirements in Israel relating to onshore exploratory drilling;
- our estimates of the time frame within which future exploratory activities will be undertaken;
- changes in our exploration plans and related budgets;
- the quality of existing and future license areas with regard to, among other things, the existence of reserves in economic quantities;

- anticipated trends in our business;
- our future results of operations;
- our capital expenditure program;
- future market conditions in the oil and gas industry
- the demand for oil and natural gas, both locally in Israel and globally; and
- the impact of fluctuating oil and gas prices on our exploration efforts

All references in this Quarterly Report to the "Company", "Zion", "we", "us", or "our", are to Zion Oil and Gas, Inc., a Texas corporation, and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Zion Drilling, Inc. and Zion Drilling Services, Inc. described below.

## **Current Exploration and Operation Efforts**

Zion Oil and Gas, Inc., a Texas corporation, is an oil and gas exploration company with a history of 25 years of oil and gas exploration in Israel. We were incorporated in Florida on April 6, 2000 and reincorporated in Delaware on July 9, 2003. The shareholders of Zion Oil & Gas, Inc. approved the redomestication of its incorporation to Texas on June 4, 2025. We completed our initial public offering in January 2007. Our common stock, par value \$0.01 per share (the "Common Stock") currently trades on the OTCQB marketplace of OTC Markets, Inc. under the symbol "ZNOG" and our Common Stock warrant under the symbol "ZNOGW." On January 24, 2020, Zion incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary, Zion Drilling, Inc., originally as a Delaware corporation, but now a Texas corporation for the purpose of owning a drilling rig, related equipment and spare parts, and on January 31, 2020, Zion incorporated another wholly owned subsidiary, Zion Drilling Services, Inc., originally as a Delaware corporation, but now a Texas corporation to act as the contractor providing such drilling services. When Zion is not using the rig for its own exploration activities, Zion Drilling Services may contract with other operators in Israel to provide drilling services at market rates then in effect. On October 19, 2022, Zion incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary in Israel, Zion Drilling Israel Ltd, for the purpose of owning a drilling rig and related equipment and spare parts. On this date, the entity was created as a placeholder only. A bank account was created in November 2024 and a tax file was created in January 2025. Zion Drilling Israel LTD did not have any activities during the six months ended June 30, 2025.

On September 14, 2023, the Israel Ministry of Energy approved a new Megiddo Valleys License 434 ("NMVL 434"), allowing for oil and gas exploration on approximately 75,000 acres or 302 square kilometers. This Exploration License 434 is valid for three years until September 13, 2026 with four potential 1-year extensions for a total of seven years until September 13, 2030. This NMVL 434 effectively supersedes our previous NML 428.

We continue our exploration focus here based on our studies as it appears to possess the key geologic ingredients of an active petroleum system with significant exploration potential. As previously announced, Zion is deploying new technologies and stimulation methods for its current re-entry into the MJ-01 well with the objective of potentially unlocking hydrocarbon flows in several identified key zones.

On February 21, 2024, members of the Supervisory Committee visited our rig site. During this visit, they interacted with staff from Zion Oil & Gas, our consultants and potential service providers. Some of these interactions occurred at Kibbutz Sde Eliyahu, while others were conducted through video conferencing with participants from the United States, Europe and the Middle East. Following these discussions, the Committee officially accepted our work plan for the MJ-01 re-completion project. This acceptance allowed us to sign agreements and secure mobilization dates with our service providers to commence and complete the project.

The initial phase of our recompletion project consisted of a category three inspection of the drilling rig, rigging down from MJ-02 and moving and rigging up over the MJ-01 well.

Stage two of the operation involved drilling out both the steel plugs along with 625 meters (about 2,050 feet) of cement plugs and re-conditioning the wellbore to allow unhindered access to the selected zones for testing.

After six years of inactivity in a well over three miles deep, the MJ-01 wellbore presented a challenging environment. The wellbore appears to have experienced elastic and partial collapse of the casing in some areas. This led to the bottom hole assembly ("BHA") becoming stuck over 4,000 meters from surface. Attempts to overpull the BHA were unsuccessful, and the crew completed a backoff operation which left over 500 meters of the BHA remaining downhole. This is not an uncommon occurrence with oil and gas drilling operations, and the crew was unsuccessful in retrieving the remaining BHA with the tools that were on location.

Another delay arose out of the logistical challenges we face. The ongoing conflict in the region has impacted shipping routes, the timely arrival of necessary equipment, and created travel difficulties for our rig crews. Our operations require specialized rig crews who are not available in Israel.

An even further delay was created by many of our rig crew members reaching the limit of their work visas. This requires us to reset visas, which is not a simple process, and it adds another layer of delay and complexity. Moreover, the recent changes to visa eligibility have further complicated the process, as Israel has changed their 90-day visa renewals from resetting at the end of the year to resetting after six months after expiration. We are working with the Ministry of Interior on this issue. As a side note, the crew had to enter Israel under 90-day visas and not six months visas in order to comply with the labor law requirements in place at the time the operations commenced.

In light of the combination of downhole, logistical, and crew challenges, as well as holidays, and the one-year remembrance of October 7, we temporarily paused active operations during Q4 2024. This was a necessary step to ensure the safety of our personnel

and to ensure proper engineering and tools are brought to location to avoid lengthy delays waiting for additional tools should any be required once the job resumes.

Zion's rig crew arrived in Israel in February 2025 and completed critical maintenance and preparatory work. The rig, which was safely "warm stacked" in September 2024, underwent necessary checks for maintenance, including fluid changes, lubrication and greasing, and mechanical, electrical, and safety audits to ensure peak functionality. The rig crew drilled out the temporary plug at approximately 1,100 meters and set a permanent plug at the deeper part of the well, allowing for isolation of targeted zones for testing. Perforation and stimulation operations were successfully completed, with gas observed at surface during early flowback.

On June 10, 2025, we completed flowback operations at our Megiddo-Jezreel #1 well and have since temporarily shut it in and demobilized our crew. The last of our crew left the country just hours before the 12-day war with Iran. We analyzed the initial gas composition data which confirmed that our targeted perforation and stimulation procedures were successful. Gas reached the surface and shows characteristics consistent with a productive reservoir.

At this point, we are considering two potential aspects to move forward. The first is to sidetrack the well using our rig. The second is to deploy coil tubing. Both approaches are being evaluated in terms of technical feasibility and overall cost. All equipment, material, and personnel for the sidetrack operation will be contracted by the end of Q4 2025 with operations beginning in Q1 of 2026.

While our MJ-01 re-completion project has faced a multitude of hurdles, including an active conflict, downhole issues and logistical challenges, we continue to move forward each time a safe opportunity permits continuation of operations. However, we will only move forward in coordination with Israeli authorities. We are actively monitoring the port situation to import the items needed to complete the current work program. We remain optimistic about making significant progress in the coming months.

## I-35 Drilling Rig & Associated Equipment

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2025				
	I-35 Drilling	Rig Spare	Other Drilling		
	Rig	Parts	Assets	Total	
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	
Gross Assets:	thousands	thousands	thousands	thousands	
December 31, 2024	6,494	747	344	7,585	
Asset Additions	-	24	84	108	
Asset Disposals for Self-Consumption	-	(53)	-	(53)	
June 30, 2025	6,494	718	428	7,640	
Accumulated Depreciation:					
December 31, 2024	2,538	-	269	2,807	
Asset Depreciation	317	-	43	360	
June 30, 2025	2,855		312	3,167	
Net Assets	3,639	718	116	4,473	
	As of December 31, 2024				
	I-35	Rig	Other		
	Drilling	Spare	Drilling		
	Rig	Parts	Assets	Total	
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	
Gross Assets:	thousands	thousands	thousands	thousands	
December 31, 2023	6,494	608	442	7,544	
Asset Additions	-	178	-	178	
Asset Disposals	-	-	(98)	(98)	
Asset Disposals for Self-Consumption		(39)	<u> </u>	(39)	
December 31, 2024	6,494	747	344	7,585	
Accumulated Depreciation:					
December 31, 2023	1,904	-	130	2,034	
Asset Depreciation	634		139	773	
December 31, 2024	2,538		269	2,807	
Net Assets	3,956	747	75	4,778	

Zion's ability to fully undertake all of these aforementioned activities is subject to its raising the needed capital from its continuing offerings, of which no assurance can be provided.



Map 1. Zion's New Megiddo License 434 as of June 30, 2025.

#### Onshore Licensing, Oil and Gas Exploration and Environmental Guidelines

The Company is engaged in oil and gas exploration and production and may become subject to certain liabilities as they relate to environmental cleanup of well sites or other environmental restoration procedures and other obligations as they relate to the drilling of oil and gas wells or the operation thereof. Various guidelines have been published in Israel by the State of Israel's Petroleum Commissioner, the Energy Ministry, and the Environmental Ministry in recent years as it pertains to oil and gas activities. Mention of these guidelines was included in previous Zion Oil & Gas filings.

We acknowledge that these new regulations are likely to increase the expenditures associated with obtaining new exploration rights and drilling new wells. The Company expects that additional financial burdens could occur as a result of the Ministry requiring cash reserves that could otherwise be used for operational purposes.

## **Capital Resources Highlights**

We need to raise significant funds to finance the continued exploration efforts and maintain orderly operations. To date, we have funded our operations through the issuance of our securities and convertible debt. We will need to continue to raise funds through the issuance of equity and/or debt securities (or securities convertible into or exchangeable for equity securities). No assurance can be provided that we will be successful in raising the needed capital on terms favorable to us (or at all).

The Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan

On March 13, 2014, Zion filed a registration statement on Form S-3 that was part of a replacement registration statement that was filed with the SEC using a "shelf" registration process. The registration statement was declared effective by the SEC on March 31, 2014. On February 23, 2017, the Company filed a Form S-3 with the SEC (Registration No. 333-216191) as a replacement for the Form S-3 (Registration No. 333-193336), for which the three-year period ended March 31, 2017, along with the base Prospectus and Supplemental Prospectus. The Form S-3, as amended, and the new base Prospectus became effective on March 10, 2017, along with the Prospectus Supplement that was filed and became effective on March 10, 2017. The Prospectus Supplement under Registration No. 333-216191 describes the terms of the DSPP and replaces the prior Prospectus Supplement, as amended, under the prior Registration No. 333-193336.

On March 27, 2014, we launched our Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan (the "DSPP") pursuant to which stockholders and interested investors can purchase shares of the Company's Common Stock as well as units of the Company's securities directly from the Company. The terms of the DSPP are described in the Prospectus Supplement originally filed on March 31, 2014 (the "Original Prospectus Supplement") with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") under the Company's effective registration Statement on Form S-3, as thereafter amended.

Please see Footnote 3D ("Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan ("DSPP")), which is a part of this Form 10-Q filing, for details about specific stock purchase and unit programs, dates, and filings during the years 2024 and 2025.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, approximately \$33,000 and \$179,000, respectively, were recorded under the Company's Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity as Subscriptions Receivables.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, approximately \$985,000 and \$985,000, respectively, were recorded under the Company's Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity as Subscriptions Receivables.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, approximately \$7,740,000 and \$13,780,000, respectively, were raised under the DSPP program. The Company did not pay any equity issuance costs for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, approximately \$5,896,000 and \$9,453,000 were raised under the DSPP program, respectively. The \$5,896,000 and \$9,453,000 figures were reduced by \$947,000 and \$1,763,000, respectively, in equity issuance costs to an outside party resulting in net cash provided of \$4,949,000 and \$7,690,000, respectively.

The warrants balances at December 31, 2024 and transactions since January 1, 2025 are shown in the table below:

	Ex	ercise	Warrant Termination	Outstanding Balance, December 31,	Warrants	Warrants	Warrants	Outstanding Balance,
Warrants	P	Price	Date	2024	Issued	Exercised	Expired	June 30, 2025
ZNWAA	\$	2.00	01/31/2026	1,498,804				1,498,804
ZNWAM	\$	0.05	03/31/2025	4,376,000	-	(4,376,000)	-	-
ZNWAQ	\$	0.05	03/31/2025	23,428,348	-	(23,428,348)	-	-

ZNWBA	\$ 0.25	03/31/2026	-	1,177,950	-	-	1,177,950
ZNWBB	\$ 0.25	12/31/2025	-	15,000,000	-	-	15,000,000
Outstanding			_				
warrants			29,303,152	16,177,950	(27,804,348)		17,676,754

#### **Principal Components of our Cost Structure**

Our operating and other expenses primarily consist of the following:

- Impairment of Unproved Oil and Gas Properties: Impairment expense is recognized if a determination is made that a well will not be commercially productive. The amounts include amounts paid in respect of the drilling operations as well as geological and geophysical costs and various amounts that were paid to Israeli regulatory authorities.
- General and Administrative Expenses: Overhead, including payroll and benefits for our corporate staff, costs of managing our exploratory operations, audit and other professional fees, and legal compliance is included in general and administrative expenses. General and administrative expenses also include non-cash stock-based compensation expense, investor relations related expenses, lease and insurance and related expenses.
- Depreciation, Depletion, Amortization and Accretion: The systematic expensing of the capital costs incurred to explore
  for natural gas and oil represents a principal component of our cost structure. As a full cost company, we capitalize all
  costs associated with our exploration, and apportion these costs to each unit of production, if any, through depreciation,
  depletion and amortization expense. As we have yet to have production, the costs of abandoned wells are written off
  immediately versus being included in this amortization pool.

## **Going Concern Basis**

Since we have limited capital resources, no revenue to date and a loss from operations, our consolidated condensed financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates realization of assets and liquidation of liabilities in the ordinary course of business. The appropriateness of using the going concern basis is dependent upon our ability to obtain additional financing or equity capital and, ultimately, to achieve profitable operations. Therefore, there is substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern for one year from the date the financials were issued. The consolidated condensed financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

#### Israel-Hamas War

The nation of Israel declared war on Hamas following the October 7, 2023 invasion by Hamas into many southern Israeli communities, killing and injuring thousands and taking of over 200 Israeli hostages into Gaza. Israel formed a war time emergency government with its primary focus on defending its homeland. As part of the war effort, Israel activated a large number of reservists. Our geologist in Israel, Nadav Navon, was called into service for a month or two in late 2023. In 2024, he was called up again to serve for a period of months. He has since returned back to work. As a result of Nadav's absence, his workload was handled by our US based geologist Lee Russell. We have been able to keep up with the geological workload without any issues.

Our operations in Israel take place at the wellsite in north central Israel, away from the primary location of the war in southern Israel. Our drilling rig, pad site, employees and service providers were safe throughout 2024 and through the date of this report in August 2025.

Throughout 2024, there were daily battles occurring in the Gaza Strip. Israel was largely successful in winning the battles, including taking operational control of nearly all areas of Gaza and killing many top leaders of Hamas.

On or about January 19, 2025, Israel and Hamas agreed to a ceasefire. After that date, various agreements have been reached between Israel and Hamas regarding the release of Israeli hostages and the simultaneous release of Hamas prisoners while maintaining a ceasefire. However, hostilities recently began again pending release of the remaining Israeli hostages.

# Israel-Hezbollah War

Throughout the first 4-6 months of 2024, the IDF ("Israeli Defense Forces") and Hezbollah (a terrorist organization based in Lebanon) exchanged near daily missile and rocket fire at Israel's northern border. During Q3 2024, the IDF carried out multiple strikes against the Hezbollah leadership and was very successful.

On October 1, 2024, Israel invaded Lebanon to attack Hezbollah directly. Israel and the IDF were successful including killing much of the top leadership of Hezbollah.

On November 27, 2024, Israel and Hezbollah signed a ceasefire agreement.

So far in 2025, the ceasefire is holding with only occasional minor rocket fire being exchanged.

#### Israel-Iran War

On June 13, 2025, Israel launched Operation Rising Lion by surprise attacks on key military and nuclear facilities in Iran. This was a targeted operation to roll back the Iranian threat to Israel's very survival In the opening hours of the war, Israeli air force assassinated some of Iran's prominent military leaders and nuclear scientists, and damaged or destroyed Iran's air defenses and some of its nuclear and military facilities. Israel launched hundreds of airstrikes throughout the war. Iran retaliated with waves of missile and drone strikes against Israeli cities and military sites; over 550 ballistic missiles and more than 1,000 explosive drones were launched by Iran during the war. The Iran-allied Houthis in Yemen also fired several missiles at Israel. On the ninth day of the war the United States bombed three Iranian nuclear sites. On June 24, 2025, Israel and Iran agreed to a ceasefire. As of the date of this report, both sides are holding to its terms.

#### Russia – Ukraine War

Due to Russia's invasion of Ukraine, which began in February 2022, and the resulting sanctions and other actions against Russia and Belarus, there has been uncertainty and disruption in the global economy. Although the Russian war against Ukraine did not have a material adverse impact on the Company's financial results for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the quarter ended June 30, 2025, at this time the Company is unable to fully assess the aggregate impact the Russian war against Ukraine will have on its business due to various uncertainties, which include, but are not limited to, the duration of the war, the war's effect on the global economy, future energy pricing, its impact to the businesses of the Company, and actions that may be taken by governmental authorities related to the war.

## **Critical Accounting Policies**

Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations is based upon our consolidated condensed financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of these consolidated condensed financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated condensed financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expense during the reporting period.

We have identified the accounting principles which we believe are most critical to the reported financial status by considering accounting policies that involve the most complex of subjective decisions or assessment.

#### Impairment of Oil and Gas Properties

We follow the full-cost method of accounting for oil and gas properties. Accordingly, all costs associated with acquisition, exploration and development of oil and gas reserves, including directly related overhead costs, are capitalized.

All capitalized costs of oil and gas properties, including the estimated future costs to develop proved reserves, are amortized on the unit-of-production method using estimates of proved reserves. Investments in unproved properties and major development projects are not amortized until proved reserves associated with the projects can be determined or until impairment occurs. If the results of an assessment indicate that the properties are impaired, the amount of the impairment is included in income from continuing operations before income taxes, and the adjusted carrying amount of the unproved properties is amortized on the unit-of-production method.

Our oil and gas properties represent an investment in unproved properties. These costs are excluded from the amortized cost pool until proved reserves are found or until it is determined that the costs are impaired. All costs excluded are reviewed at least quarterly to determine if impairment has occurred. The amount of any impairment is charged to expense since a reserve base has not yet been established. A further impairment requiring a charge to expense may be indicated through evaluation of drilling results, relinquishing drilling rights or other information.

Abandonment of properties is accounted for as adjustments to capitalized costs. The net capitalized costs are subject to a "ceiling test" which limits such costs to the aggregate of the estimated present value of future net revenues from proved reserves discounted at ten percent based on current economic and operating conditions, plus the lower of cost or fair market value of unproved properties. The recoverability of amounts capitalized for oil and gas properties is dependent upon the identification of economically recoverable reserves, together with obtaining the necessary financing to exploit such reserves and the achievement of profitable operations.

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, the Company did not record any post-impairment charges.

The total net book value of our unproved oil and gas properties under the full cost method is \$26,585,000 and \$21,682,000 at June 30, 2025 and at December 31, 2024, respectively.

## Asset Retirement Obligation

We record a liability for asset retirement obligation at fair value in the period in which it is incurred and a corresponding increase in the carrying amount of the related long-lived assets.

#### Fair Value Considerations

We follow ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures," as amended by Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Financial Staff Position (FSP) No. 157 and related guidance. Those provisions relate to the Company's financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value and the fair value disclosures related to financial assets and liabilities. ASC 820 defines fair value, expands related disclosure requirements, and specifies a hierarchy of valuation techniques based on the nature of the inputs used to develop the fair value measures. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received from the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, assuming the transaction occurs in the principal or most advantageous market for that asset or liability.

There are three levels of inputs to fair value measurements - Level 1, meaning the use of quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets; Level 2, meaning the use of quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets or quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active or are directly or indirectly observable; and Level 3, meaning the use of unobservable inputs. We use Level 1 inputs for fair value measurements whenever there is an active market, with actual quotes, market prices, and observable inputs on the measurement date. We use Level 2 inputs for fair value measurements whenever there are quoted prices for similar securities in an active market or quoted prices for identical securities in an inactive market. We did not use unobservable (level 3) inputs for fair value measurements at June 30, 2025 and at December 31, 2024, respectively.

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

	For the three months ended June 30,		For the six months ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	(US \$ in tho	(US \$ in thousands)		
Operating costs and expenses:		_		
General and administrative expenses	1,101	1,201	2,202	2,376
Other	895	882	1,494	1,481
Subtotal Operating costs and expenses	1,996	2,083	3,696	3,857
Other expense (income), net	(85)	(19)	(110)	(31)
Net loss	1,911	2,064	3,586	3,826

Revenue. We currently have no revenue generating operations.

Operating costs and expenses. Operating costs and expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 were \$1,996,000 and \$3,696,000, respectively, compared to \$2,083,000 and \$3,857,000, respectively, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024. Operating costs and expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2025 were \$87,000 (4.2%) lower compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024. Operating costs and expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2025 were \$161,000 (4.2%) lower compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024.

General and administrative expenses. General and administrative expenses ("G&A expenses") for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 were \$1,101,000 and \$2,202,000, respectively, compared to \$1,201,000 and \$2,376,000, respectively, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024. This expense grouping includes salaries, benefits, stock option expenses and professional fees. G&A expenses were lower by \$100,000, or 8.3%, during the most recent quarter versus the prior year quarter primarily due to lower expenses associated with stock option grants. G&A expenses decreased \$174,000, or 7.3%, during the first six months of 2025 as compared to the six months of 2024, primarily due to lower expenses associated with stock option grants.

Other expense. Other expenses during the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 were \$895,000 and \$1,494,000, respectively, compared to \$882,000 and \$1,481,000, respectively, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024. Other general and administrative expenses are comprised of non-cash compensation and non-professional expenses incurred. Other expenses increased by \$13,000, or about 1.5%, and by \$13,000, or about 0.9%, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively. Zion incurred higher annual meeting expenses, but this was partially offset by lower marketing and investor relations expenses and lower insurance premium expenses.

Other (income), net. Other (income) during the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 were (\$85,000) and (\$110,000), respectively, compared to (\$19,000) and (\$31,000), respectively, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024. The expenses in this category are comprised of foreign currency exchange costs, primarily the New Israeli Shekel (NIS) to the US dollar, and the financial expenses/income. Zion earned higher interest income during the three months ended June 30, 2025, due to higher average cash balances.

Net Loss. Net losses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 were \$1,911,000 and \$3,586,000 compared to \$2,064,000 and \$3,826,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024.

## **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Liquidity is a measure of a company's ability to meet potential cash requirements. As discussed above, we have historically met our capital requirements through the issuance of common stock as well as proceeds from the exercise of warrants and options to purchase common shares. As disclosed on our Balance Sheet, the company has 1,600,000,000 shares of authorized common stock and 1,109,567,465 shares issued as of June 30, 2025. We increased our authorized shares during the past proxy season in 2025.

Our ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon obtaining the necessary financing to complete further exploration and development activities and generate profitable operations from our oil and natural gas interests in the future. Our current operations are dependent upon the adequacy of our current assets to meet our current expenditure requirements and the accuracy of management's estimates of those requirements. Should those estimates be materially incorrect, our ability to continue as a going concern will be impaired. Our financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2025 have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. We have

incurred a history of operating losses and negative cash flows from operations. Therefore, there is substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern for one year from the date the financials were issued.

At June 30, 2025, we had approximately \$8,605,000 in cash and cash equivalents compared to \$2,272,000 at December 31, 2024, which does not include any restricted funds. Our working capital (current assets minus current liabilities) was \$7,310,000 at June 30, 2025 and \$1,702,000 at December 31, 2024.

As of June 30, 2025, we provided bank guarantees to various governmental bodies (approximately \$946,000) and others (approximately \$102,000) in respect of our drilling operation in the aggregate amount of approximately \$1,048,000. The (cash) funds backing these guarantees are held in restricted interest-bearing accounts in Israel and are reported on the Company's balance sheets as cash and cash equivalents - restricted.

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, cash used in operating activities totaled \$3,141,000. Cash provided by financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2025 was \$13,467,000 and is primarily attributable to proceeds received from the Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan (the "DSPP" or the "Plan"). Net cash used in investing activities such as unproved oil and gas properties, equipment and spare parts was \$3,977,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2025.

During the six months ended June 30, 2024, cash used in operating activities totaled \$3,575,000. Cash provided by financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2024 was \$6,347,000 and is primarily attributable to proceeds received from the Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan (the "DSPP" or the "Plan"). Net cash used in investing activities such as unproved oil and gas properties, equipment and spare parts was \$882,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2024.

Accounting standards require management to evaluate our ability to continue as a going concern for a period of one year subsequent to the date of the filing of this Form 10-Q. We expect to incur additional significant expenditures to further our exploration and development programs. While we raised approximately \$947,000 during the period July 1, 2025 through August 5, 2025, which includes collection of the \$179,000 stock subscription receivable at June 30, 2025, we will need to raise additional funds in order to continue our exploration and development activities in our license area. Additionally, we estimate that, when we are not actively drilling a well, our expenditures are approximately \$600,000 per month excluding exploratory operational activities. However, when we are actively drilling a well, we estimate an additional minimum expenditure of approximately \$2,500,000 per month. The above estimates are subject to change. Subject to the qualifications specified below, management believes that our existing cash balance, coupled with anticipated proceeds under the DSPP, will be sufficient to finance our plan of operations through January 2026.

During March 2020, a global pandemic was declared by the World Health Organization related to the rapidly growing outbreak of a novel strain of coronavirus ("COVID-19"). The pandemic significantly impacted the economic conditions in the United States and Israel, as federal, state and local governments reacted to the public health crisis, creating significant uncertainties in the United States, Israel and world economies. In the interest of public health and safety, jurisdictions (international, national, state and local) where we have operations, restricted travel and required workforces to work from home. However, as of the date of this report, most of our employees are working at our physical offices, but have the ability to work from home as needed.

Similar uncertainties are posed by the Israel-Hamas war, the Israel-Hezbollah war, as well as the Israel-Iran war. The duration of those wars and the impacts on the region and world is not fully known at this point in time.

No assurance can be provided that we will be able to raise the needed operating capital.

Even if we raise the needed funds, there are factors that can nevertheless adversely impact our ability to fund our operating needs, including (without limitation), the potential impact of the Israel-Hamas war, the Israel-Hezbollah war, and Israel-Iran war, the potential actions of other hostile parties in the region, unexpected or unforeseen cost overruns in exploratory work in existing license areas, the costs associated with extended delays in undertaking the required exploratory work, and plugging and abandonment activities which is typical of what we have experienced in the past.

The financial information contained in these consolidated condensed financial statements has been prepared on a basis that assumes that we will continue as a going concern for one year from the date the financials were issued, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. This financial information and these consolidated condensed financial statements do not include any adjustments that may result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

## Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not currently use any off-balance sheet arrangements to enhance our liquidity or capital resource position, or for any other purpose.

## Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU No. 2023-07, "Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures". The ASU improves reportable segment disclosure requirements, primarily through enhanced disclosures about

significant segment expenses among other disclosure requirements. ASU 2023-07 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. Early adoption is permitted. The amendments will be applied retrospectively to all prior periods presented in the financial statements. Zion adopted this ASU effective January 1, 2023. The adoption of this ASU did not have any impact on its consolidated financial statements.

## Other Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Company does not believe that the adoption of any recently issued accounting pronouncements in 2025 had a significant impact on our financial position, results of operations, or cash flow.

#### ITEM 3. OUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Market risk is a broad term for the risk of economic loss due to adverse changes in the fair value of a financial instrument. These changes may be the result of various factors, including interest rates, foreign exchange rates, commodity prices and/or equity prices. In the normal course of doing business, we are exposed to the risks associated with foreign currency exchange rates and changes in interest rates.

Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risks. A portion of our expenses, primarily labor expenses and certain supplier contracts, are denominated in New Israeli Shekels ("NIS"). As a result, we have significant exposure to the risk of fluctuating exchange rates with the U.S. Dollar ("USD"), our primary reporting currency. During the period January 1, 2025 through June 30, 2025, the USD has fluctuated by approximately 7.5% against the NIS (the USD weakened relative to the NIS). In the contrast, during the period January 1, 2024 through December 31, 2024, the USD fluctuated by approximately 3.1% against the NIS (the USD strengthened relative to the NIS). Continued weakening of the US dollar against the NIS will result in higher operating costs from NIS denominated expenses. To date, we have not hedged any of our currency exchange rate risks, but we may do so in the future.

Interest Rate Risk. Our exposure to market risk relates to our cash and investments. We maintain an investment portfolio of short-term bank deposits and money market funds. The securities in our investment portfolio are not leveraged, and are, due to their very short-term nature, subject to minimal interest rate risk. We currently do not hedge interest rate exposure. Because of the short-term maturities of our investments, we do not believe that a change in market interest rates would have a significant negative impact on the value of our investment portfolio except for reduced income in a low-interest rate environment. At June 30, 2025 we had cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash of approximately \$9,685,000. The weighted average annual interest rate related to our cash and cash equivalents for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, exclusive of funds at US banks that earn no interest, was approximately 2.9% and 2.9%, respectively.

The primary objective of our investment activities is to preserve principal while at the same time maximizing yields without significantly increasing risk. To achieve this objective, we invest our excess cash in short-term bank deposits and money market funds that may invest in high quality debt instruments.

#### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time period specified in the SEC's rules and forms. As of June 30, 2025, our chief executive officer and our chief financial officer conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based on this evaluation, our chief executive officer and our chief financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of June 30, 2025, due to a significant deficiency in our controls and procedures related solely to the prohibited advance by the Company of a hardship loan to an officer referred to in Note 2G of the financial statements accompanying this report. The chief executive officer and the chief financial officer intend to consult with an external advisor to take steps to avoid any future recurrence of a prohibited action.

## **Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

There were no changes in internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2025 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal controls over financial reporting.

#### PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

## Litigation

From time to time, the Company may be subject to routine litigation, claims or disputes in the ordinary course of business. The Company defends itself vigorously in all such matters. However, we cannot predict the outcome or effect of any of the potential litigation, claims or disputes.

On June 3, 2025, the Company received a notification via summons that it is being sued in the Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles under the state's "Trap and Trace" law. The company has retained counsel in the state of California and this case is ongoing. No recognition of legal expenses has been made in 2025, but the company has made an immaterial prepayment to our outside legal firm. Our outside counsel in California advises that the California courts are backlogged with similar cases and that a resolution to our case is not expected for months. However, we believe we have a strong case based on the facts.

#### ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

During the quarter ended June 30, 2025, there were no material changes to the risk factors previously reported in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024.

## ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

#### ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

## ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

None.

#### **ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION**

None.

# **ITEM 6. EXHIBITS**

## **Exhibit Index:**

31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 under the Exchange Act
31.2	Certification of the Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 under the Exchange Act
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (furnished only)
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (furnished only)
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

# ZION OIL & GAS, INC.

(Registrant)

By: /s/ Robert W.A. Dunn

Date: August 11, 2025

Robert W. A. Dunn Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) By: /s/ Michael B. Croswell Jr.

Michael B. Croswell Jr.

President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Date: August 11, 2025

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)

#### I, Robert W. A. Dunn, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Zion Oil & Gas, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 11, 2025

/s/ Robert W. A. Dunn

Robert W. A. Dunn, Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)

#### I, Michael B. Croswell Jr, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Zion Oil & Gas, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the issuer's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 11, 2025

/s/ Michael B. Croswell Jr.

Michael B. Croswell Jr, President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Zion Oil and Gas, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2025 (the "Report"), as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof, I, Robert W.A. Dunn, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of the dates and for the periods presented in the Report.

/s/ Robert W.A. Dunn

Robert W. A. Dunn Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

August 11, 2025

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of Zion Oil and Gas, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2025 (the "Report"), as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof, I, Michael B. Croswell Jr., Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of the dates and for the periods presented in the Report.

## /s/ Michael B. Croswell Jr.

Michael B. Croswell Jr.
President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

August 11, 2025